02.06.16 - RULES GOVERNING HONEY STANDARDS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY. This chapter is adopted under the legal authority of Section 22-2808, Idaho Code.	3-31-22)
001. TITLE AND SCOPE.	
01. Title. The title of this chapter is IDAPA 02.06.16, "Rules Governing Honey Standards. (3	3 31 22)
O2. Scope. These rules apply to all honey produced by honey bees from nectar and covers all honey presentation that are processed and ultimately intended for direct consumption, and to all honey processed or intended for sale in bulk containers as honey that may be repacked for retail sale or for sale or using redient in other foods and to incorporate by reference the United States Standards for Grades of Extracted as a quality control program.	-packed, ise as an
002. – 003. (RESERVED)	
004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.	
United States Standards for Grades of Extracted Honey, Effective Date May 23, 19 United States Standards for Grades of Extracted Honey adopted by the Agriculture Marketing Service, United Department of Agriculture effective May 23, 1985 are hereby adopted for the purposes of this rule for element of Agriculture effective May 23, 1985 are hereby adopted for the purposes of this rule for element of Agriculture effective May 23, 1985 are hereby adopted for the purposes of this rule for element of Agriculture effective May 23, 1985 are hereby adopted for the purposes of this rule for element of Agriculture effective May 23, 1985 are hereby adopted for the purposes of this rule for element of Agriculture Marketing Service, United Department of Agriculture Marketing Service, United Ser	ed States extracted g USDA 3-31-22)
The Department adopts the definitions set forth in Section 22 2803, Idaho Code. In addition, as used in this the following definitions apply:	chapter, 3-31-22)
O1. Air Bubble. The small visible pockets of air in suspension that may be numerous in the hocontribute to the lack of clarity in filtered style.	oney and 3-31-22)
O2. Bees. Honey producing insects of the genus Apis and includes the adults, eggs, larvae, pother immature stages thereof.	oupae or 3-31-22)
03. Comb. The wax like cellular structure that bees use for retaining their brood or as sto pollen and honey.	rage for 3-31-22)
04. Crystallize. The spontaneous solidification of the natural glucose content from solution monohydrate.	n as the 3 31 22)
— 05. Floral Source. The flower from which the bees gather nectar to make honey.	3 31 22)
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 Section 000
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Articles used for components of any such article.

Articles used for food or drink, including ice, for human consumption or food for dogs and cats;

	Food Additive. Any substance the intended use of which results or may reasonab	ly be expected to
	or indirectly, in its becoming a component of or otherwise affecting the characterist	
	substance intended for use in producing, manufacturing, packing, processing, p	
	nsporting, or holding food. It also includes any source of radiation intended for any	
	ot generally recognized, among experts qualified by scientific training and experien	
	ng been adequately shown through scientific procedures or experience based on con	
to be safe unde	er the conditions of its intended use. 'Food additive' does not include:	(3 31 22)
	A 2011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(2.21.22)
a.	A pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity;	(3-31-22)
		4
b.	F F-	
or transportation	on of any raw agricultural commodity; or	(3-31-22)
е.	A color additive.	(3-31-22)
	Granulate. The initial formation of crystals in honey.	(3-31-22)
	Honey. The natural sweet substance produced by bees resulting from the harvest	of plant nectar or
	s that has been collected and transformed by the deposition, dehydration, and storage	
and mature.		(3-31-22)
		,
10	Pollen Grain. The granular, dust-like microspores that bees gather from flowers	Pollen grains in
	attribute to the lack of clarity in filtered style.	(3 31 22)
suspension coi	infoure to the lack of clarity in intered style.	(3 31 22)
011 COM	PLAINT PROCESS.	
viii. Co w	HEMINT I ROCESS.	
01	Complete Contract Contract 1911 15 and all 1911 15 and 1911 15	1 4 1 41
01.	Complaint Contents. Complaints shall be directed to the department, in writing	
following info	rmation:	(3-31-22)
		(2.21.22)
a.	The name, address and contact information of the complainants; and	(3-31-22)
—— b.	The location and brand name of the product which is the subject of complaint.	(3-31-22)
	Initial Review. The department will forward written complaints to the comm	
review.		(3-31-22)
03.	Sampling and Analysis. Upon review, the commission may request the departm	ent to acquire an
official sample	e of the product, in accordance with Title 22, Chapter 28, Idaho Code, and send it	to an analytical
laboratory tha	t possesses the ability to analyze honey for adulteration, or other testing deeme	d appropriate in
accordance wi	th the nature of the complaint. The laboratory analysis will be reviewed by the con	nmission and the
department for	compliance with Title 22, Chapter 28, Idaho Code, and these rules.	(3 31 22)
department for	compilation with this 22, chapter 20, faulte code, and these fales.	(3 31 22)
04	Violations. If, after investigation, the commission and the department find that a	violation of title
	8, Idaho Code and/or these rules has occurred the commission and the department	
	propriate course of action as authorized by Section(s) 22 2811 or 22 2812, Idaho Coc	
agree on an ap	propriate course of action as authorized by Section(s) 22 2011 of 22 2012, Idano coe	(5 51 22)
012 014	(RESERVED)	
012 014.	(KESEKYED)	
015 STAR	NDARDS OF IDENTITY HONEY.	
0-00		-4l4l 1
	such shall not have added to it any food additives, nor any other additions be made	
	ve begun to ferment or effervesce and no pollen or constituent unique to honey	
except where t	unavoidable in the removal of foreign matter.	(3-31-22)
01.	Treatments. Chemical or biochemical treatments shall not be used to	influence honey

	92.	Moisture Content. Honey shall not have a moisture content exceeding two	enty three percent
(23%).			(3 31 22)
	03.	Sugars Content.	(3-31-22)
	a	The ratio of fructose to glucose shall be greater than zero point nine (0.9).	(3-31-22)
).	Fructose and glucose (Sum of Both) shall not be less than 60g/100g.	(3 31 22)
	e .	Sucrose content for honey not listed below shall not be more than 5g/100g.	(3-31-22)
		Honey from Alfalfa (Medicago sativa), Citrus spp., False Acacia (Robinia pseu	
		(Hedysarum), Menzies Banksia (Banksia menziesii), Red Gum (Eucalyptus	
Leatherw	ood (Eucryphia lucida), and Eucryphia milligani shall have sucrose levels not to exceed 1	
			(3 31 22)
i	i.	Honey from Lavender (Lavandula spp.) and Borage (Borago officinalis) shall h	
not to exc	eed 1	5g/100g.	(3-31-22)
	04	Name of the Food. Products conforming to the standard of identity as adopted	ad in this rule are
		ney". Foods containing honey and any flavoring, spice, or other added ingredien	
		ich a way that materially changes the flavor, color, viscosity or other material char	
		distinguished from honey in the food name by declaration of the food additive or m	
			(3 31 22)
			,
	a	Honey may be designated according to floral or plant source if it comes predor	ninately from that
particular	sour	ce and has the organoleptic and physicochemical properties corresponding with that	origin. (3 31 22)
).	Where honey has been designated according to floral or plant source, as sta	ated in Paragraph
		the common name or the botanical name of the floral source is used in conjunct	
with the v	vord '	'honey".	(3-31-22)
	•	Honey may be designated according to the following styles, which style sha	ll be declared on
packaging	·•	Troney may be designated decording to the following styles, which style sha	(3-31-22)
packaging	3.		(3-31-22)
i		"Honey" this is honey in liquid or crystalline state or a mixture of the two (2);	(3-31-22)
i	1.	"Comb Honey" this is honey stored by bees in the cells of freshly built broc	
which is s	sold 1 1	a sealed whole combs or sections of such combs.	(3 31 22)
;	44	"Cut Comb in Honey," "Honey with Comb," or "Chunk Honey" this is honey	containing one (1)
or more n	ii.	of comb honey.	(3 31 22)
or more p	reces	of come noney.	(3 31 22)
016.	FYPI	CS AND STYLES OF HONEY.	
)1. 	Extracted Honey. Honey that has been separated from the comb by centrifu	gal farca gravity
		her means. It is identified in the following types:	(3 31 22)
<i>5</i>	01 00	and mounts to to too manage of pro-	(6 51 22)
	a	Liquid Honey. Honey that is free of visible crystals;	(3 31 22)
	h	Crustallized Honey Honey that is solidly grouplated or argetallized image.	active of whathan
andiad 4	fonds:	Crystallized Honey. Honey that is solidly granulated or crystallized, irrespent granulated or crystallized honey; and	(3-31-22)
canalea, I	ronda	nt, creamed or spread types of crystallized honey; and	(3-31-22)
	e	Partially Crystallized Honey. Honey that is a mixture of liquid honey and crystal	lized honev
		yyy- rioney mai as a minimize of inquite noney and orystal.	(3 31 22)

	Styles. Extracted honey styles are:	(3-31-22)
a.	Filtered Honey. Honey of any type defined in these standards that has been filtered to file the file of the file o	ed to the extent
	t of the fine particles, pollen grains, air bubbles, or other materials normally found in su Honey shall not be filtered to less than one point zero (1.0) micron.	(3.31.22)
b.	Strained Honey. Honey of any type defined in these standards that has been strain	ed to the extent
that most of th	ne particles, including comb, propolis, or other defects normally found in honey, have	
	small air bubbles, and very fine particles are not normally removed from strained honey	
c.	Unfiltered/Unstrained Unfiltered/Unstrained Honey. Honey that has not been filtered.	
by United State	es Standards for Grades of Extracted honey and may include extracted or non-extracted	honey. (3 31 22)
d.	Raw Honey. Honey that has not been pasteurized.	(3 31 22)
017 022.	(RESERVED)	
	BRANDING.	
	as a honey product, but not meeting the provisions of this rule may be subject to a sto	op sale order as
authorized und	ler Section 22-2812, Idaho Code.	(3 31 22)
024 999.	(RESERVED)	