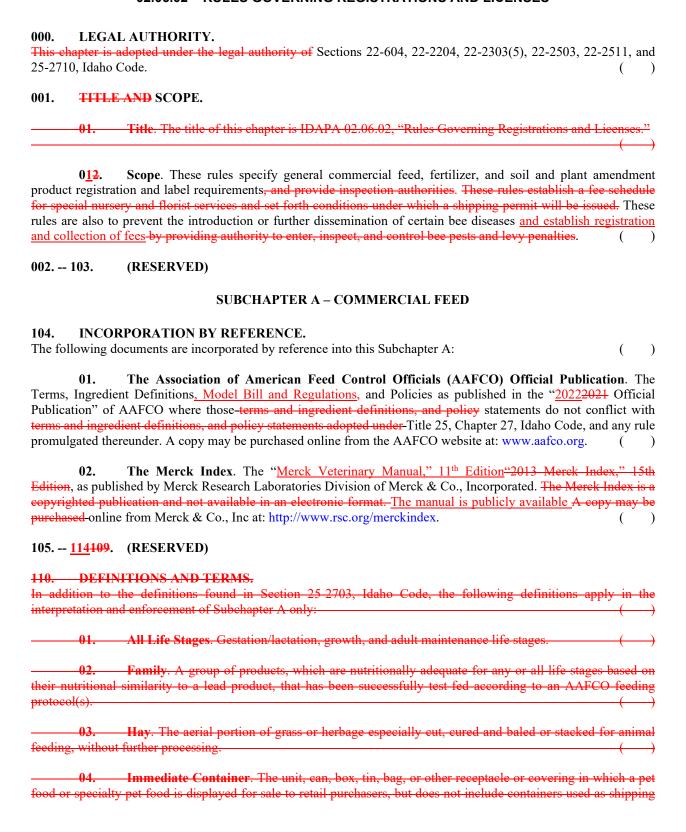
02.06.02 - RULES GOVERNING REGISTRATIONS AND LICENSES



Section 000 Page 1 LKnight_11242021

contai	ners.			-)
	05	Ingredient Statement. A collective and contiguous listing on the label of the ingredients	of wh	ich
the pet		specialty pet food is composed.	-(
	06	Principal Display Panel. The part of a label that is most likely to be displayed, presented	ahov	
or exa		der normal and customary conditions of display for retail sale and may include the front,		
		ne package.	-($\stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}$
	07	Viable Navious Wood Seed. Any good on managed of a navious wood as identified an	listad	1
Title ?		Viable Noxious Weed Seed. Any seed or propagule of a noxious weed, as identified or see 24, Idaho Code, or any rules promulgated thereunder, that has not been ground fine er		
		ed to destroy the ability to germinate.	-(-)
111	-114.	(RESERVED)		
115.	REGI	STRATION AND FEES.		
of Idal	01. ho, a fee o	Product Registration Fee . Whenever a commercial feed is registered for distribution in of forty dollars (\$40) per product will be collected.	the sta	ate)
	a.	The Department will utilize these funds for the operation of all program activities, inclu	ding l	out
not lin	nited to, r	egistration, label review, inspection and sampling, and laboratory analysis.		-)
	b	The fee will be set by the Department such that all costs associated with the commerce	cial fe	ed
progra		e covered by the registration fee without the need for additional state general or dedicated fun		
				-)
exemp	ot anyone tment reta	s (\$500) are exempt from payment of the registration fee. This registration fee exemption to from other sections of Subchapter A and/or the Idaho Commercial Feed Law. However, the right to inspect any feed in the possession of those persons exempted by Subsection I ()	ever, t	the
from c	a. other secti	This exemption pertains to the registration fee only, and does not exempt a person or ions of Subchapter A and/or the Idaho Commercial Feed Law.	busin	ess
		•		,
alaima		The Department reserves the right to review the records of sellers who are claiming or we are exempt from the payment of the registration fee, in order to ensure that they qualify		
exemp		ey are exempt from the payment of the registration fee, in order to ensure that they quant-	- (-	
_				
Section	e. n 25 270	The Department further reserves the right to conduct any and all inspections allowed 9, Idaho Code, in order to ensure compliance with Subchapter A and/or the Idaho Commerce.		
Law.		o, radio code, in order to ensure comprisine with successper 11 and or the radio commercial	-(
116	119.	(RESERVED)		
120.	LABE	L FORMAT.		
	01.	Label Format. Commercial feeds shall be labeled with the information prescribed in Sec	ction 2	25-
		ommercial Feed Law and Subchapter A on the principal display panel of the product an		
follow	ing gener	ral format.	()
	a.	Net Weight.	()
	b.	Product name and brand name if any.	()

c. location if the de	etailed feeding directions and precautionary statements appear elsewhere on the label.	()		
d. the Commercial	The guaranteed analysis of the feed as required under the provisions of Section 25-27 Feed Law includes the following items, unless exempted, and in the order listed:	05(1)(c) of		
i.	Minimum percentage of crude protein.	()		
ii.	Maximum or minimum percentage of equivalent protein from non-protein nitrogen.	()		
iii.	Minimum percentage of crude fat.	()		
iv.	Maximum percentage of crude fiber.	()		
v. minimum percer	Minerals, to include, in the following order: minimum and maximum percentages of call ntage of phosphorus (P), minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl)			
vi.	Vitamins.	()		
vii. content.	Total sugars as invert on dried molasses products or products being sold primarily for	their sugar		
viii. Exemptions. Guarantees for minerals are not required when there are no specific label claims and when the commercial feed contains less than six and one-half percent (6 1/2%) of Calcium, Phosphorus, Sodium, or Chloride. Guarantees for vitamins are not required when the commercial feed is neither formulated for nor represented in any manner as a vitamin supplement. Guarantees for crude protein, crude fat, and crude fiber are not required when the commercial feed is intended for purposes other than to furnish these substances or they are of minor significance relating to the primary purpose of the product, such as drug premixes, mineral or vitamin supplements, and molasses.				
e. Feed ingredients, collective terms for the grouping of feed ingredients, or appropriate statements as provided under the provisions of Section 25-2705(1)(d) of the Commercial Feed Law shall be listed in decreasing order of predominance by weight:				
i. American Feed (The name of each ingredient as defined in the <u>AAFCO</u> Official Publication of the Ass Control Officials, common or usual name, or one approved by the Director.	sociation of		
ii. Collective terms for the grouping of feed ingredients as defined in the Official Definitions of Feed Ingredients published in the AAFCO Official Publication of the Association of American Feed Control Officials in lieu of the individual ingredients; provided that when a collective term for a group of ingredients is used on the label, individual ingredients within that group shall not be listed on the label. The manufacturer shall provide the feed control official, upon request, with a list of individual ingredients within a defined group, that are or have been used at manufacturing facilities distributing in or into the state.				
ingredient list or	The registrant may affix the statement, "ingredients as registered with the State" in the label. The list of ingredients must be on file with the Director. This list shall be mad haser upon request.			
feed. The princi	Name and principal mailing address of the manufacturer or person responsible for distripal mailing address shall include the street address, city, state, and zip code; however omitted if it is shown in the current city directory or telephone directory.	the street		
g.	The information required in Section 25 2705 of the Commercial Feed Law must ap	opear in its		

h. Labeling shall include all statements and promotion on company websites or other internet bas
customer interfaces. (
02. Customer Formula Invoice and Tag Requirements. (
a. Bulk shipments of customer formula feed shall be accompanied by an invoice, delivery slip
other shipping documents identifying the shipment as customer formula feed and the name and address of t
customer to whose order it is made. (
b. Bagged customer formula feed will be labeled with a tag identifying each bag as such. The to
bags in each customer's shipment will be segregated from other bagged feed and identified with the name a address of the customer to whose order it is made.
address of the customer to whose order it is made.
e. Nutritional guarantees and guarantees of other analytes, and a list of ingredients, in descendi
order of predominance by weight, of a customer formula feed may be used in lieu of specific weights or volumes
each ingredient, as required in Section 25-2705(2)(d) (1)(a), Idaho Code, when so ordered by the customer. (
02. Guidelines for "Human Grade" Claims. In order to substantiate that a "human grade" claim
truthful and not misleading, a manufacturer making such claims must have documentation as required in t
AAFCO Official Publication. Submitted documentation will not be reviewed as part of the label approval proce
excepting any legal question or action requiring such.
121. – 124. (RESERVED)
125. BRAND AND PRODUCT NAMES.
01. Intended Use. The brand or product name must be appropriate for the intended use of the feed a must not be misleading. If the name indicates the feed is made for a specific use, the character of the feed must not be misleading.
conform therewith. A mixture labeled "Dairy Feed," for example, must be suitable for that purpose.
<u>121</u> 126 129. (RESERVED)
130. EXPRESSION OF GUARANTEES.
01. Percentage by Weight. The guarantees for crude protein, equivalent protein from non-protein nitrogen, crude fat, crude fiber and mineral guarantees (when required) will be in terms of percentage by weight.
O2. Commercial Feeds. Commercial feeds containing six and one-half percent (6 1/2%) or mo
Calcium, Phosphorus, Sodium or Chloride shall include in the guaranteed analysis the minimum and maximu
percentages of calcium (Ca), the minimum percentage of phosphorus (P), and if salt is added, the minimum a
maximum percentage of salt (NaCl). Minerals, except salt (NaCl) shall be guaranteed in terms of percentage of t
element. When calcium and/or salt guarantees are given in the guaranteed analysis such shall be stated and confort to the following:
to the following.
a. When the minimum is five percent (5%) or less, the maximum will not exceed the minimum more than one (1) percentage point.
b. When the minimum is above five percent (5%), the maximum will not exceed the minimum more than twenty percent (20%) and in no case shall the maximum exceed the minimum by more than five (
percentage points.
Learning Louis.
03. Vitamin Content. Guarantees for minimum vitamin content of commercial feeds and fe
supplements, when made, shall be stated on the label in milligrams per pound of feed except that:

a.	Vitamin A, other than precursors of vitamin A, shall be stated in International or USP u	nits per
pound.		()
	Tree 1 D 1 1 4 00 10 14 0 17 1 111 4 4 17 1 4 7 1 101 1 T	,
	Vitamin D, in products offered for poultry feeding, shall be stated in International Chick U	nits per
pound.		()
0	Vitamin D for other uses shall be stated in International or USP units per pound.	()
.	Vitarinii D for other uses shan be stated in international of OSF units per pound.	()
	Vitamin E shall be stated in International USP units per pound.	
u.	Vitalinii E shan oe stated ii international oor dints per pound.	()
	Guarantees for vitamin content on the label of a commercial feed shall state the guarantee	as true
vitamins, not	compounds, with the exception of the compounds, Pyridoxine Hydrochloride, Choline C	
	d Pantothenic Acid.	\leftarrow
,		
f.	Oils and premixes containing vitamin A or vitamin D or both may be labeled to show	vitamin
content in terr	ms of units per gram.	()
131. 134.	(RESERVED)	
135. NON	N-PROTEIN NITROGEN.	
01. 	Urea. Urea and other non protein nitrogen products defined in the Official Publication	of the
Association o	of American Feed Control Officials or by the Director are acceptable ingredients only in com-	mercial
feeds for rum	inant animals as a source of equivalent crude protein. If the commercial feed contains more th	in eight
	ive hundredths percent (8.75%) of equivalent crude protein from all forms of non protein n	
added as such	n, or the equivalent crude protein from all forms of non protein nitrogen, added as such, exceed	de one
	f the total crude protein, the label shall bear adequate directions for the safe use of feed	
	statement: "CAUTION: USE AS DIRECTED." The directions for use and the caution statement	
	Such size so placed on the label that they will be read and understood by ordinary person	s under
customary co	nditions of purchase and use.	()
	Non-Protein Nitrogen Defined. Non protein nitrogen defined in the Official Publication	
	f American Feed Control Officials, when so indicated, are acceptable ingredients in commerci	
distributed to	non ruminant animals as a source of nutrients other than equivalent crude protein. The many	iximum
	ude protein from non-protein nitrogen sources when used in non-ruminant rations shall not exc	eed one
and twenty fir	ve hundredths percent (1.25%) of the total daily ration.	()
03.	Labels for Medicated Feeds. On labels such as those for medicated feeds that bear a	
feeding direc	tions and/or warning statements, the presence of added non-protein nitrogen shall not re-	quire a
duplication of	f the feeding directions or the precautionary statements as long as those statements include st	ifficient
information to	ensure the safe and effective use of this product due to the presence of non-protein nitrogen.	()
<u>131136</u> 13	9. (RESERVED)	
		
140. DRU	JC AND FEED ADDITIVES.	
01.	Satisfactory Evidence Satisfactory avidence of safety and officery of a commercial food	any hay
01.	Satisfactory Evidence. Satisfactory evidence of safety and efficacy of a commercial feed r	()
		()
a.	When the commercial feed contains such additives, the use of which conforms to the requi	rements
of the applie	able regulation in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, or which are "prior sanction"	
		()
generany rec	cognized as safe" for such use; or	()
L.	When the commercial feed is itself a dwg and is consulty recognized as sofe and office the	for the
labeled was a	When the commercial feed is itself a drug and is generally recognized as safe and effective r is marketed subject to an application approved by the Food and Drug Administration under	ritle 21
U.S.C. 360(b)		/ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

<u>131</u> 441	144.	(RESERVED)
145.	ADULT	ΓERANTS.

	Substances. For the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed Law, the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Cod
terms poisone	tus of defeterious substances—include, out are not infinited to, the following.
a.	Fluorine and any mineral or mineral mixture that is to be used directly for the feeding of domestic
	which the fluorine exceeds two tenths percent (0.2%) for breeding and dairy cattle; three tenths
	for slaughter cattle; three tenths percent (0.3%) for sheep; thirty-five hundredths percent (0.35%) for
	ve hundredths percent (0.45%) for swine; and six tenths percent (0.6%) for poultry.
——————————————————————————————————————	Fluorine bearing ingredients when used in such amounts that they raise the fluorine content of the
total ration (ex	clusive of roughage) above the following amounts: four thousandths percent (0.004%) for breeding
and dairy cattle	e; nine thousandths percent (0.009%) for slaughter cattle; six thousandths percent (0.006%) for sheep;
one hundredth:	s percent (0.01%) for lambs; fifteen thousandths percent (0.015%) for swine and three hundredths
percent (0.03%	
е.	Fluorine bearing ingredients incorporated in any feed that is fed directly to cattle, sheep or goats
consuming rou	ghage (with or without) limited amounts of grain, that results in a daily fluorine intake in excess of
	grams of fluorine per one hundred (100) pounds of body weight.
d.	Soybean meal, flakes or pellets or other vegetable meals, flakes or pellets that have been extracted
	nylene or other chlorinated solvents.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u> </u>	Sulfur dioxide, Sulfurous acid, and salts of Sulfurous acid when used in or on feeds of feed
ingredients the	t are considered or reported to be a significant source of vitamin B1 (Thiamine).
otherwise treat	Screenings or By-Products. All screenings or by-products of grains and seeds containing weed seed in commercial feed or sold as such to the ultimate consumer, shall be ground fine enough or ed to destroy the viability of such weed seeds. Viable Noxious Weed Seed. Viable noxious weed seed as defined in Subsection 110.07.
146. – 149.	(RESERVED)
150. ADO	PTIONS AND PROMULGATION.
All rules herete	ofore adopted and promulgated August 16, 1971 pertaining to the Idaho Commercial Feed Law, Title
	, Idaho Code, are hereby repealed, and are replaced by Subchapter A. ()
151. – 159.	(RESERVED)
160. COT	FONSEED.
01	Certification. Prior to entry into the state of Idaho all shipments of cottonseed or cottonseed seed
nroducte dectin	ed for animal feed shall be certified as having been sampled and analyzed and no greater amount than
twenty (20) nn	b of aflatoxin shall be contained within the product or products, except that cottonseed meal intended
for use as an ar	nimal feed or feed ingredient for beef cattle, swine and poultry, may be certified to contain more than
twenty (20) pp	b but less than three hundred (300) ppb of aflatoxin.
02_	Storage Location and Destination. Whole cottonseed, cottonseed meal or cottonseed seed
to contain in	ng the state certified to contain no greater than twenty (20) ppb aflatoxin, or cottonseed meal certified
w contain mor	e than twenty (20) ppb but less than three hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin shall be accompanied by the

	s, the certification document shall accompany the invoice or bill of lading and be identified with
	on at destination. The certification document shall be maintained on file at the shipment destination fo
no less than o	ne (1) year.
0.2	
	Registration. Idaho firms wishing to import into the state and/or handle cottonseed mea
	ore than twenty (20) ppb but less than three hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin for distribution or sale shall
	ally with the Department their intent to do so. Feedlots and other end user operations importing the
	eal as defined above in this paragraph for their own use are exempted from registration requirement
	g firm shall also register the cottonseed meal (if not already registered by another firm) with the
	nd pay any applicable registration fees (Sections 25 2704, Idaho Code). As a condition of registration
	ng and/or handling cottonseed meal certified to contain more than twenty (20) ppb but less than thre
hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin, shall enter into a compliance agreement with the Department agreeing to:
a.	Store and label cottonseed meal certified to contain more than twenty (20) ppb but less than three
nundred (300) ppb aflatoxin separately from cottonseed meal certified to contain less than twenty (20) ppb aflatoxin
L.	Inform the purchaser in writing of the certified aflatoxin level in the meal purchased; and (
	miorin the purchaser in writing of the certified ariatoxin level in the mear purchased; and (
C	Submit to periodic record and facility inspections, and product testing by the Department. (
	Submit to periodic record and facility hispections, and product testing by the Department.
04	Certification Performance. Required certification will be performed by any state government o
	nment engaged in this type of certification. In the event that a state government or Federal government
	not available, an independent or company laboratory may upon request be approved by the
	Requests and approval shall be made in advance of the shipment entering the state.
Department.	(xequests and approval shall be made in advance of the simplicit entering the state.
161 169	(RESERVED)
101. 107.	(RESERVED)
170. CO	TONSEED EXEMPTIONS.
	ulls are exempted from laboratory certification requirements as stated in Subsections 160.01 through
	ded that, cottonseed hulls shall not contain greater than twenty (20) ppb aflatoxin as required by the U
	Drug Administration. Any invoice or bill of lading accompanying or sent in regard to a shipment o
	lls shall state the level of aflatoxin in parts per billion contained in the shipment.
	(
171 179.	(RESERVED)
180. DET	'AINED COMMERCIAL FEEDS.
	Stop Sale, Use, or Removal. Any commercial feed or identified lot of commercial feed that is the
subject of a "	stop sale, use, or removal" order under Section 25 2711(1), Idaho Code, may be released from such a
order by the f	ollowing means:
a.	A commercial feed detained for nutritional violation(s) may be:
i.	Remanufactured, using ingredients listed on the approved label, to meet label guarantees. The
remixed feed	shall be resampled and analyzed to ensure compliance prior to its return to sale. (
ii.	Relabeled to reflect actual values, upon approval of a new label and registration, provided that
these values a	re appropriate for their intended use. (
iii.	Returned to the manufacturer if the seller and manufacturer are not the same. (
iv.	Diverted to an alternate use such as inclusion into another feed, or feeding to the manufacturer'
own livestock	s, provided that it is appropriate for the diverted use and that it does not conflict with labeling or other
State or Feder	al requirements for the diverted use.

V.	Destroyed.	()
h	A commercial feed detained for a drug or antibiotic violation may be:	
.	Treomineral reed detained for a drag or antiorone violation may be.	()
<u>i.</u>	Remanufactured to meet label guarantees. The remixed feed shall be resampled and analy	zed prior
to its return to	sale.	()
- ii.	Returned to the manufacturer if the seller and manufacturer are not the same.	()
iii.	Diverted to an alternate use, provided that it is appropriate for the diverted use labeling	or other
State or Federa	al requirements for the diverted use.	()
iv.	Destroyed.	()
	A commercial feed deemed to be adulterated under Section 25 2707(1), Idaho Code, or the	at cannot
safely be rema	nufactured, relabeled, or diverted to an alternate use may be:	(
i.	Returned to the manufacturer if the seller and manufacturer are not the same.	(
ii.	Destroyed.	
		()
	Appropriate Compliance Procedure. The Department will indicate which of the abo	ve listed
eompliance pr	ocedures are appropriate for the particular "withdrawal from sale" order. The seller shall	indicate
thirty (20) do	ure is to be followed and, upon approval from the Department, shall carry out the procedur ys. Other procedures may be considered upon application by the state inspector or sello	re within
Department, B	ureau of Feeds and Plant Services, Idaho Department of Agriculture, Boise, Idaho.	()
Stop Sale, Use	Violation of Stop Sale, Use, or Removal Order. Any violation of the terms or condition, or Removal Order is considered a prohibited act. (RESERVED)	ions of a
	SUBCHAPTER B - NURSERIES AND FLORISTS	
212. SPEC	CIAL SERVICE.	
When nurserie	es or florists require additional inspections and special services, a special service fee will be	charged.
Refer to IDAI	PA 02.06.04, "Rules Governing Plant Exports," Section 195, "Fees and Charges," for a	
schedule of ser	rvices and fees.	()
213. – 219.	(RESERVED)	
220. SHIP	PING PERMIT NUMBER.	
Upon request,	a licensed nurseryman who holds a valid certificate of inspection from the Idaho Depar	tment of
Agriculture fo	r his nursery will be issued a shipping permit number. Application for a number must the use of the number is subject to the following conditions:	be made
amuany, and t	the use of the number is subject to the following conditions.	
nursery stock.	Accompaniment. The shipping permit number shall accompany all shipments and deli-	veries of
	Changes. Once issued, the shipping permit number will not change unless request is many	nda far a
new number.	Changes. Once issued, the simpping permit number with not change timess request is the	()
03.	Application Deadline. Application for a number or renewal of a number must be	made bv
	ach year. Failure to do so will result in suspension of the shipping permit number.	()
04.	Fees. A number will be issued or renewed only after the proper nursery license fees h	ave been

paid for the current license year. A shipping permit number will be held in abeyance until the proper license fees are paid. 05. Reissue Application. If the business entity of a licensee is changed, or if the membership of a partnership is changed, irrespective of whether or not the business name is changed, application for reissuance of the shipping permit number must be made to the Idaho Department of Agriculture. Permit Number. The shipping permit number, if printed on containers or cartons, will read as follows: (SEAL) IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE **DIVISION OF PLANT INDUSTRIES** BOISE, IDAHO 83701 SHIPPING PERMIT NO. The nursery doing business under the above permit number has been regularly inspected and, to the best of our knowledge, is free from dangerous insect pests and diseases. No Other Statements. No other statements, other than the business name and address, may appear on the side of the container on which the shipping permit number and accompanying statement are printed. The printing of the shipping permit number is the responsibility of the licensee and all costs incurred in printing are his responsibility. **146221.** -- 309. (RESERVED) SUBCHAPTER C - BEE INSPECTION 310. **DEFINITIONS.** The Department adopts the definitions set forth in Section 22-2502, Idaho Code for the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter C only. 311. - 314. (RESERVED) 315. REGULATED BEE DISEASES. Specifically, American foulbrood, European foulbrood, sac brood and bee paralysis, Varroa mite, tracheal mite, or any other disease or abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of honey bees, hereinafter is referred to as bee diseases.

311316. -- 329. (RESERVED)

330. REGULATED PRODUCTS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT.

Subchapter C concerns any stage of the common honey bee, Apis mellifera L., all equipment used in handling and manipulation of bees, wax, and hives, and includes any containers for honey and wax that may be used in any apiary or in transporting bees and their products and apiary supplies that are located within the state of Idaho.

331. -- 339. (RESERVED)

340. REGISTRATION AND COLLECTION OF FEES.

Department of Agriculture a "Registration" form provided by the Idaho Department of Agriculture specifying the name, residence, place of apiaries, number of hives or colonies of bees owned or controlled, and such other information as may be required, accompanied by the applicable registration fee. 341. - 349. (RESERVED) 350. INSPECTION PROCEDURES. Request for Inspection. All beekeepers requiring an apiary inspection shall complete the "Request for Inspection" form provided by the Department of Agriculture that includes name, address, telephone number of the applicant, number of colonies to be inspected and the state(s) to which entry is desired. The applicant agrees to pay the costs of the inspection according to the fee schedule in Section 370. The request for inspection must be returned to the Department of Agriculture no later than August 15 of each year. Late requests will be accepted through August 31, after which no requests for inspection will be accepted. No inspections will be conducted after November 15 of each year. Apiaries found free of disease will be entitled to receive a health certificate valid for one (1) year from date of issuance permitting access to those states that require and recognize Idaho certification. Disease Inspection. The apiary inspector will inspect for all diseases and pests cited in Section 315, specifically for American foulbrood and Varroa mite or other bee diseases as specified by the importing state regulatory agency. 03. Posting of Registration. All apiaries located within the state of Idaho shall be conspicuously posted with the name, address and telephone number and state registration number of the owner. 04. Necessary Precautions. The apiary inspector will take all necessary precautions to properly disinfect all tools and any other thing that may have come into contact with diseased bees or equipment to prevent spread of the disease. (RESERVED) 351. 359. 360. DUTY OF OWNER OF BEES. 01. Compliance With Rules. Upon receipt of disease notification, the owner shall control the disease through the use of registered and approved agents in accordance with label directions or eradicate the disease by burning, then burying under not less than eighteen (18) inches of soil, the contaminated bees and equipment. Quarantined Apiary. Bees shall not be removed from an infested or quarantined apiary without permission, in writing, from the Director or the Director's agents. 361. 369. (RESERVED) 370. FEES AND CHARGES. Inspection, Sampling and Other Field Work: Inspection time: fifteen dollars (\$15) per hour. Travel costs: mileage, meals and lodging will be charged according to established state rates. 02. Laboratory Examination. Twenty five dollars (\$25) per worker hour. **341371**. -- 403. (RESERVED)

On or before July 1 of each year any person engaging in the activities of apicultural shall file with the Idaho

SUBCHAPTER D – FERTILIZER

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404. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter D:

01. The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. The Officially Adopted Documents, Official Terms, Ingredient Definitions, and Policies, as published in the "2021 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements do not conflict with terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements adopted under—Title 22, Chapter 6, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org. ()

Q2. The Merck Index. The "2013 Merck Index," 15th Edition as published by Merck Research Laboratories Division of Merck & Co., Incorporated. The Merck Index is a copyrighted publication and not available in an electronic format. A copy may be purchased online from Merck & Co., Inc. (now hosted by the Royal Society of Chemistry) at: http://www.rsc.org/merckindex.

<u>0203.</u> The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC) International. The "2019 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the AOAC," 21st Edition, a copyrighted publication, is maintained and published by the AOAC International. The AOAC OMA is available in electronic format at: www.EOMA.AOAC.org. A copy may be purchased online from AOAC International.

405. -- 409. (RESERVED)

410. DEFINITIONS.

In addition to the definitions found in Section 22 603, Idaho Code, the definitions in Subsection 410 apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter D only.

O1. Guarantee. An affirmation or promise made by the seller to the buyer that relates to the goods and becomes part of the basis of the bargain and creates an express warranty that the fertilizer shall conform to the affirmation or promise.

02. Ultimate Dealer. The person who distributes fertilizer product to the end-user. ()

405411. -- 419. (RESERVED)

420. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS.

The methods of sampling <u>are those of AAPFCO</u> and analysis are those of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists (AOAC) or other methods as approved by the department.

421. 429. (RESERVED)

430. RULES REGARDING THE REGISTRATION OF FERTILIZERS CONTAINING PLANT NUTRIENTS IN ADDITION TO NITROGEN, PHOSPHATE, AND POTASH.

01. Other Plant Nutrients. A fertilizer may contain plant nutrients in addition to nitrogen, phosphate and potash. When these other nutrients are mentioned on the label in any form or manner, the fertilizer shall be registered. In addition, each nutrient amount shall be guaranteed, with the guarantee reported on the label on an elemental basis. Sources of the nutrients subjected to the guaranteed analysis, and proof of availability shall be provided to the department upon request. Any additional nutrients, contained in a fertilizer submitted for registration, must be present in the following minimum concentrations:

Element	Percent
Calcium (Ca)	1.0000

Magnesium (Mg)	0.5000
Sulfur (S)	1.0000
Boron (B)	0.0200
Chlorine (CI)	0.1000
Cobalt (Co)	0.0005
Copper (Cu)	0.0500
Iron (Fe)	0.1000
Manganese (Mn)	0.0500
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.0005
Nickel (Ni)	0.0010
Sodium (Na)	0.1000
Zinc (Zn)	0.0500

()

Q2. Labeling. The label shall constitute a guarantee regarding the nutrient content of the fertilizer. No nutrients, other than those listed in Subsection 430.01, will be accepted by the department as guaranteed. Proposed labels and directions for the use of the fertilizer shall be furnished with the application for registration upon request. Any of the above listed elements that are guaranteed shall appear in the order listed immediately following guarantees for the primary nutrients of nitrogen, phosphate and potash.

03. Exemptions. Guarantees for water soluble nutrients labeled for ready to use foliar fertilizers, ready to use specialty liquid fertilizers, hydroponic or continuous liquid feed programs, and potting soils, are exempted from the minimum element percentages listed in Subsection 430.01.

421431. -- 439. (RESERVED)

440. WARNING OR CAUTION STATEMENTS.

A warning or cautionary statement is required on any fertilizer product:

- **01.** Containing Boron. If the fertilizer product contains one tenth of a percent (.10%) or more boron in a water soluble form, the statement shall include:
 - a. The word "Warning" or "Caution" conspicuously displayed; ()
 - **b.** The crops for which the fertilizer is recommended; and ()
- **c.** That the use of the fertilizer on any crop(s) other than those recommended may result in serious injury to the crop(s).
- **02. Containing Molybdenum.** If the fertilizer product contains one thousandths of a percent (.001%) or more molybdenum, the statement shall include:

	а.	The word warming of Caution	conspicuously c	nspiayed, and		()
levels of	b. f molybo	That the application of fertilizers denum that are toxic to ruminant anim		bdenum may result	in forage crops co	ontaining ()
	0.2	Other Fortilizer Broducts The	danantarant mas	. maanina a maaistnam	t to imply do a vvo	i
agution		Other Fertilizer Products. The nt for any other fertilizer product that				
		t application of the micro nutrient				
		onditions.	may be narmu	i to certain crops o	r where there are	- unusuai
CHVII OIII	memar e	onditions.				
	04.	Examples. The following are examples.	nples of warning	or caution statement	s:	()
	0	Directions: Apply this fertilizer at	a maximum rat	e of (number of nou	unds) per sere for (nome of
oron)	а.	Directions. Apply this fertilizer at	a maximum fat	e or (number or pou	nus) per acre for (()
crop).						()
	b.	CAUTION: Do not use on other cr	ops. The (name	of micro-nutrient) m	a y cause injury to t ———	hem.
	- -c.	CAUTION: Apply this fertilizer a	t a maximum ra	te of (number of pou	unds) per acre for (name of
crop). D	o not us	e on other crops; the (name of micro	nutrient) may c	ause serious injury to	them.	()
		-				
	d.	WARNING: This fertilizer carrie	s added (name(s) of micro nutrient(s)) and is intended	l for use
		of crop). Its use on any other crops o				
		the crops.				\longrightarrow
	3 3	1				,
	е.	CAUTION: This fertilizer is to b	e used only on	soil that responds to	(name of micro r	nutrient).
Crops h	igh in (n	name of micro nutrient) are toxic to g				\leftarrow
оторо п	-8 (and or micro numbers, are come to g	,			()
	f	Caution: (Name of micro-nutrient) is recommende	d for all crops wher	re (name of micro-	nutrient)
may be		t; however excessive application to s			e (name of micro)
may oc	deffeten	i, nowever excessive application to s	авсериоте сторь	may cause aamage.		()
4414	149.	(RESERVED)				
450.	FERT	ILIZER LABELS.				
		nformation, in the format presented,	is the minimum	required for all fer	tilizer labels. For r	neknoed
		formation shall either appear on the				
		Il be in a readable and conspicuous				
		all accompany delivery and be suppli				(
printed	ioiiii siic	an accompany derivery and be suppli	ed to the purchas	ser at time or denver	y -	()
	01.	Not Weight on Not Volume If I	ianid Waight no	ur gallan shall ha ina	ludad on the label	of liquid
C4:1:	0.1.	Net Weight or Net Volume, If Li	i quiu. Weight pe	a ganon snan be me	ruded on the laber	or nqura
ierunzei	rs 11 net	volume is stated.				()
	0.0	ъ				
	-02.	Brand.				()
		~ . ~				
	-03.	Grade. Grade (provided that the	e grade shall n e	t be required when	no primary nutri	i ents are
claimed). 					()
	-04.	Guaranteed Analysis. A fertilize	r label must con t	tain the results of the) guaranteed analy	sis. Zero
(0) guar	antees s	hould not be made and shall not ap	pear in any state	ment except in nutri	ent guarantee item	izations.
The slid	ing scal	e method of expressing a guaranteed	analysis on ferti	lizer labels (for exar	nple, "Available P l	hosphate
fifteen to	o eighte	en percent (15-18%)") is prohibited.	If chemical form	ns of nitrogen are cla	imed or required, s	aid form
shall be	set fortl	on the label. Nutrients other than n	itrogen, phospha	te and potash shall b	e set forth, on an e	lemental
basis, as	require require	d by Subsection 430.01. The results	of the guarantee	d analysis required b	y Subchapter D of	this rule
shall be	in the fo	ollowing form:	_			
			4.0	0/		
		Total Nitrogen	(N).	%	ĺ	

%	Ammoniacal Nitrogen
<u>%</u>	Nitrate Nitrogen
<u></u> ——%	Water Insoluble Nitrogen
<u></u> %_	Urea Nitrogen
<u></u>	(Other recognized and determinable forms of N)
Available Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅)	%_
Soluble Potash (K₂O)	<u>%</u> _
(Other nutrients, elemental-basis)	<u></u> %_

	Sources. Sources of nutrients shall be listed below the completed guaranteed analysis	statement.
06.	Name and Address. Name and address of manufacturer, guarantor or registrant.	()
07.	Specialty Fertilizers. For specialty fertilizers distributed to the end user, the label string for year. Such directions may include but are not limited to:	shall set forth
adequate affec	tions for use. Such directions may include, but are not limited to:	()
a. (where applica label);	The recommended application rate or rates in units of weight or volume per unit of attion rates are given in volume, the manufacturer shall provide the bulk density for the particular transfer of the particular	
— b. nutrients and l	Proper seasonal times and minimum intervals to apply the product when plants can ross to the environment can be minimized; and	rapidly utilize
е.	The statement "Apply Only As Directed" or a statement of similar designation.	()
and Measures units.	Packaging. Refer to Idaho Department of Agriculture rules, IDAPA 02.02.14, "Rules," for the specific requirements relating to product identity, declaration of quantity ar	s for Weights nd prescribed
451 454.	(RESERVED)	
455. PRO	DUCT REGISTRATION.	
dry or liquid f	Registration. All fertilizer companies, including companies engaged in custom-formiertilizers, shall comply with the product registration requirements of the Idaho Fertilizer 5, Idaho Code, subject to the provisions of this Subchapter D.	ula mixing of Act of 2000,
02.	Alteration From Original State. When a fertilizer is mixed, added to, or in any all grade or its content of secondary or minor nutrients, it is a different product, and must	way changed

03	03. Registering Altered Fertilizers. When a registered	grade is altered by any commercial
	manufacturer or ultimate dealer, such manufacturer or ultimate d	ealer, shall register the altered grade as
provided ur	under Section 22 605, Idaho Code.	()
0.4	OA Prond Name The addition of another prominent name of	or graphic design to the brand displayed
on the lobe	04. Brand Name. The addition of another prominent name of bel, other than descriptive words associated with the grade, constitution.	utes a different brand and thus must be
	l as provided under Section 22 605, Idaho Code. For example, chi	
	1 as provided under section 22 003, idano code. For example, em	anging Rose Bud 5 10 5 to Rinner s
Nose Bud 3	19 10 9 Would constitute a change in ordina.	
05	05. Sale of Fertilizer. When a commercial fertilizer is remove	ed from the package or vehicle in which
	need by the original registrant and then offered for sale by a person	
	product and shall be registered in accordance with Section 22 605,	
to an additi	itional inspection fee as provided under Section 22 608, Idaho Cod	e, provided that said fee was paid on the
product by	y the original or prior registrant.	
4 56 459 .	59. (RESERVED)	
460 GI	SLOWLY RELEASED PLANT NUTRIENTS.	
4 60. SI	SLOWLY KELEASED PLANT NUTKIENTS.	
01	01. Slow Release. No fertilizer label shall bear a statement th	at connotes or implies that certain plant
	contained in a fertilizer are released slowly over a period of time,	
	l and guaranteed at a level of at least fifteen percent (15%) of the to	
	t and guaranteed at a level of at least inteen percent (1570) of the to	an guarantee for that nation(b).
		()
02	02. Slow Release Properties. Types of products with slow re	lease properties currently recognized by
the departn	tment for the purposes of a guarantee include:	
-		
a.	a. Water insoluble, such as natural organics, ureaform t	naterials, urea formaldehyde products,
isobutylide	dene diurea, oxamide, etc.;	()
b.	b. Coated slow release, such as sulfur coated urea and other e	ncapsulated soluble fertilizers;
		()
	Occluded along release whom familiars on familiars met	cariola ana mirrod svith svovoa masina an
other inert	 Occluded slow release, where fertilizers or fertilizer materials and formed into particles; and 	eriais are mixed with waxes, resins, or
omer mert i	t materials and formed into particles, and	
	d. Products containing water soluble nitrogen such as a	reaform materials urea formaldebyde
nroducts. m	methylenediurea (MDU), dimethylenetriura (DMTU), dicyanodian	
F ,		()
03	03. Additional Products May Be Added to List of Slow R	delease Nutrients. The department may
add additio	ional products to the list of recognized slow release nutrients upon	an appropriate showing by a registrant.
The terms,	s, "water insoluble," "coated slow release," "slow release," "cont	rolled release," "slowly available water
soluble," aı	and "occluded slow release," are accepted as descriptive of these p	products, provided the manufacturer can
show a test	sting program substantiating the claim. Testing shall be under guid	ance of Experiment Station personnel or
a recognize	ized researcher acceptable to the department. A laboratory proce	edure, acceptable to the department for
evaluating t	g the release characteristics of the product(s), must also be provided	I by the manufacturer. ()
	04. Methods. Unless otherwise specified by the departmen	
(15th Edition	ition) is to be used to confirm the coated slow release and occluded	slow release nutrients and others whose
	ase characteristics depend on particle size. AOAC International Me	tnod 945.01 (15th Edition) shall be used
w aetermin	ine the water insoluble nitrogen of organic materials.	()
111161	469. (RESERVED)	
771 701 '	"- TU/. (NESENYED)	

470. INVESTIGATIONAL ALLOWANCES.

01. Use of Investigational Allowances. Investigational Allowances will be used in determining whether a fertilizer is deficient. Fertilizers that are deemed deficient are subject to penalty. Penalties for deficient fertilizers are found in Section 22 611, Idaho Code.

02. Deeming a Fertilizer Deficient. A fertilizer will be deemed deficient if the analysis of any nutrient is below the guarantee by an amount exceeding the values in the following schedules, or if the overall index value of the fertilizer is below ninety-seven percent (97%). Note: For these investigational allowances to be applicable, the recommended AOAC International procedures for obtaining samples, preparation and analysis must be used. These are described in Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, 13th Edition, 1980, and in succeeding issues of the Journal of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists. In evaluating replicate data, Table 19, page 935, Journal of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, Volume 49, No. 5, October, 1966, should be followed.

<u>0203.</u> Investigational Allowances for Nitrogen, Phosphate and Potash. For guaranteed percentages not listed in the following table, calculate the appropriate investigational allowance by interpolation.

Guaranteed Percent	Nitrogen Percent	Available Phosphate Percent	Potash Percent
04 or less	0.49	0.67	0.41
05	0.51	0.67	0.43
06	0.52	0.67	0.47
07	0.54	0.68	0.53
08	0.55	0.68	0.60
09	0.57	0.68	0.65
10	0.58	0.69	0.70
12	0.61	0.69	0.79
14	0.63	0.70	0.87
16	0.67	0.70	0.94
18	0.70	0.71	1.01
20	0.73	0.72	1.08
22	0.75	0.72	1.15
24	0.78	0.73	1.21
26	0.81	0.73	1.27
28	0.83	0.74	1.33
30	0.86	0.75	1.39
32 or more (*)	0.88	0.76	1.44

(*For DAP and MAP, the Investigational Allowance for Available Phosphate is zero point seventy (0.70); for TSP, the Investigational Allowance shall be: one point fifty-two (1.52)). For dry custom mix fertilizers, an additional five percent (5%) of the guaranteed percentage shall be granted in addition to the allowances made in Subsection 470.03.

04. Investigational Allowance for Other Nutrients. Secondary and minor elements shall be deemed deficient if any element is below the guarantee by an amount exceeding the values in the following schedule:

Element		Investigational Allowance
Calcium)	0.2 unit + 5% of guarantee
Magnesium)	0.2 unit + 5% of guarantee
Sulfur)	0.2 unit + 5% of guarantee
Boron)	0.003 unit + 15% of guarantee
Cobalt)	0.0001 unit + 30% of guarantee
Chlorine)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Copper)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Iron)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Manganese)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Molybdenum)	0.0001 unit + 30% of guarantee
Sodium)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Zinc)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee

The maximum allowance when calculated as specified shall be one (1) unit (one percent (1%)). For dry custom mix fertilizers, an additional five percent (5%) of the guarantee shall be granted in addition to the allowances made above in this section.

Os. Overall Index Value. The overall index value is calculated by comparing the commercial dollar value guaranteed with the commercial dollar value found (Commercial Dollar Value found / Commercial dollar value guaranteed) x 100). Unit dollar values of the nutrients used are those referred to in Section 22 612, Idaho Code. The Department will conduct periodic surveys of the industry to determine unit dollar values.

96. Examples. The following are examples of calculations for a custom mixed fertilizer of a 12 16 14 grade. For the purpose of these examples, the nutrient unit dollar values for all of the examples are assumed to be twenty three cents (\$.23) per pound of nitrogen, twenty seven cents (\$.27) per pound of available phosphate (P2O5), and eighteen cents (\$.18) per pound of potash (K2O).

Example 1. A ten thousand (10,000) pound batch of customer formula fertilizer guaranteed at 12.0 16.0 14.0 is analyzed and found at 10.6 16.4 14.3

Nutrien	t Guaranteed	x price/lb	Found	x price/lb	
---------	--------------	------------	-------	------------	--

N	12.0	\$2.76 (\$.23 x 12.0)	10.6	\$2.438 (\$.23 x 10.6)
P ₂ O ₅	16.0	\$4. 32 (\$.27 x 16.0)	16.4	\$4.428 (\$.27 x 16.4)
K₂O	14.0	\$2.52 (\$.18 x 14.0)	14.3	\$2.574 (\$.18 x 14.3)
Total		\$9.60		\$9.44

Overall Index Value = (\$9.44/\$9.60) x 100 = 98.3%

However, the nitrogen value is in violation. The investigational allowance for a nitrogen guarantee of 12.0% is 0.61% (see the chart in section 02.06.12.050.03 above) plus an additional 5% of the guarantee for customer formula mixes. Therefore the nitrogen value must be at least 10.79%: (12.0 - [.61 + 12.0(.05)] = 10.79%) in order to be within permissible values.

To find the amount (Lbs.) of N deficiency multiply the percent guaranteed by the weight of the lot minus the percentage found multiplied by the weight of the lot.

(.12) (12%) guaranteed x 10,000 lbs) (.106) (10.6%) found x 10,000 lbs) = 140 pounds

The penalty will be calculated as three times the value of a deficiency of 140 pounds of nitrogen in the 10,000 pound batch. $3 \times [140 (\$.23)] = \96.60

Example 2. A ten thousand (10,000) pound batch of customer formula fertilizer guaranteed at 12.0 16.0 14.0 is analyzed at 11.1 15.3 13.1.

Nutrient	Guaranteed	x price/lb	Found	x price/lb
N	12.0	\$2.76 (\$.23 x 12.0)	11.1	\$2.553 (\$.23 x 11.1)
P ₂ O ₅	16.0	\$4.32 (\$.27 x 16.0)	15.3	\$4.131 (\$.27 x 15.3)
K₂O	14.0	\$2.52 (\$.18 x 14.0)	13.1	\$2.358 (\$.18 x 13.1)
Total		\$9.60		\$9.042

Overall Index Value = (\$9.042/\$9.60) x 100 = 94.2%

Although each of the individual nutrients is within the investigational allowance, the cumulative deficiency is reflected in the Overall Index Value.

The investigational allowance table shows for a nitrogen guarantee of 12%, the allowance is 0.61%. An additional allowance of 5% of the guarantee is 0.60%. The minimum nitrogen value is then $12.0 - [0.61 + (.05 \times 12)] = 10.79$.

The minimum acceptable values for P2O5 and K2O will be 14.50 and 12.43, respectively.

The penalty will be calculated as follows:

Nutrient	Guaranteed lbs	1	Found lbs	11	Deficient- lbs	×	-price/lb
N	1200 (.12 x 10,000)	1	1110 (.111 x 10,000)	ı	90	×	\$20.70 (\$.23 x 90 lbs)
₽2О5	1600 (.16 x 10,000)	1	1530 (.153 x 10,000)	н	70	×	\$18.90 (\$.27 x 70 lbs)
K₂O	1400 (.14 x 10,000)	1	1310 (.131 x 10,000)	=	90	×	\$16.20 (\$.18 x 90 lbs)
Total							\$55.80

3 (\$55.80) = \$167.40

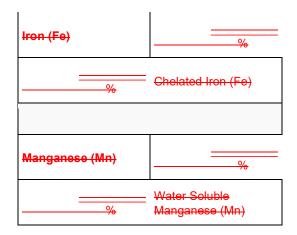
If the examples were specialty fertilizers rather than customer formula mixes, the penalties will be assessed in accordance with Section 22 611, Idaho Code.

471. 479. (RESERVED)

480. ITEMIZATION OF PLANT FOOD ELEMENTS WITHIN THE GUARANTEED ANALYSIS.

When a product label sets forth the different components of plant nutrients, the percentage for each component shall be shown before that component's name.

EXAMPLES:				
Total Nitrogen (N)	<u></u> %			
	- Ammoniacal Nitrogen			
	Nitrate Nitrogen			
Magnesium (Mg)				
	- Water Soluble Magnesium (Mg)			
Sulfur (S)				
	Free Sulfur (S)			
<u></u>	Combined Sulfur (S)			



481. -- 489. (RESERVED)

490. ORGANIC NITROGEN.

If an amount of nitrogen is designated as organic then the water insoluble nitrogen or the slow release nitrogen guarantee must not be less than sixty percent (60%) of the nitrogen so designated. Coated urea shall not be included in meeting the sixty percent (60%) requirement.

471491. -- 503. (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER E - SOIL AND PLANT AMENDMENTS

504. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter E:

- **01.** The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. The Terms, Ingredient Definitions, and Policies, as published in the "20222021 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements do not conflict with terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements adopted under Title 22, Chapter 622, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org.
- 02. The Merck Index. The "2013 Merck Index," 15th Edition as published by Merck Research Laboratories Division of Merck & Co., Incorporated. The Merck Index is a copyrighted publication and not available in an electronic format. A copy may be purchased online from Merck & Co., Inc. (now hosted by the Royal Society of Chemistry) at http://www.rsc.org/merckindex.
- <u>0203</u>. The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC) International. The "2019 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the AOAC," 21st Edition, a copyrighted publication, is maintained and published by the AOAC International. The AOAC OMA is available in electronic format at: www.EOMA.AOAC.org. A copy may be purchased online from AOAC International.

505. - 509. (RESERVED)

510. DEFINITIONS.

In addition to the definitions found in Section 22 2203, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply in the interpretation and enforcement of this Subchapter E only:

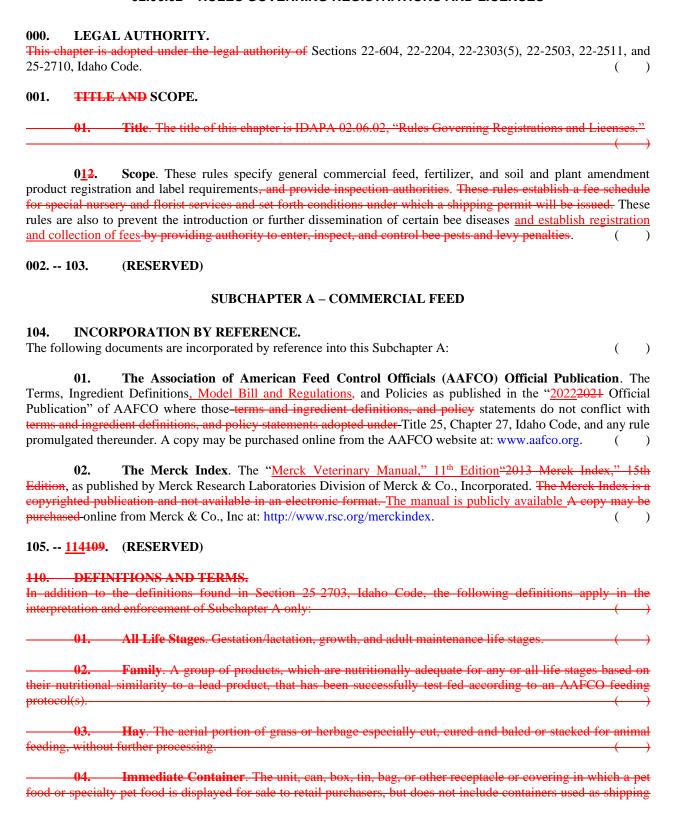
01. Animal Manure. The excreta of animals together with whatever bedding material is present.

	Orled Animal Manure. Animal manure resulting from confined animal feeding of only to reduce the moisture content.	()
511. AB	BREVIATIONS.	
01.	AAPFCO. Association of American Plant Food Control Officials.	()
	AOAC. Association of Official Analytical Chemists, International.	()
03.	ISDA. Idaho State Department of Agriculture.	()
512 519.	(RESERVED)	
	IL AMENDMENT AND PLANT AMENDMENT REGISTRATION. tely identifiable soil amendment or plant amendment product shall be registered pursuant to Se Code.	etion 22
engaged in product regi	Product Registration. All soil amendment and plant amendment companies, including excustom formula mixing of dry or liquid soil amendments or plant amendments, will comply stration requirements of the Idaho Soil and Plant Amendment Act, Section 22 2205, Idaho Code ions of this chapter.	with the
	Exemptions from Registration.	()
a.	Dried animal manure without nutrient claims and not commercially packaged or labeled.	()
b.	Horticultural growing media containing live plant material.	()
registered is	Alteration from Original State. When a soil amendment or plant amendment that I mixed, added to, or in any way changed from its original content, it is a different product, and provided under Section 22 2205, Idaho Code.	
amendment offered for accordance provided un- registrant.	Sale of Soil Amendment or Plant Amendment. When a commercial soil amendment is removed from the package or container in which it was placed by the original registrant sale by a person other than the original registrant, it is a different product and shall be registered with Section 22 2205, Idaho Code, except that it is not subject to an additional inspection der Section 22 2208, Idaho Code, provided that said fee was paid on the product by the original	and then stered in on fee as
521. – 529.	(RESERVED)	
530. SO	IL AMENDMENT AND PLANT AMENDMENT LABELS.	
01.	Content or Guaranteed Analysis Exemptions.	()
percentage i	The labeling requirements of the Idaho Soil and Plant Amendments Act, Section 22 22, requiring that soil and plant amending ingredients and other ingredients shall be stated in its required except the following single ingredient soil amendments, when clearly and consposed on the label, are exempt from the content or guaranteed analysis:	terms of
i.	Mulch;	()
ii.	Peat;	()
— iii.	Perlite;	()

iv.	Vermiculite; and	()
v	Vermicompost.	()
•••		
b.	In lieu of a content or guaranteed analysis as required in Section 22-2207(1)(e), Idaho Co	ode, the
an ingredient	ollowing soil amendments when clearly and conspicuously identified as such on the label may	include
i.	Compost;	()
	Garden Soil:	(,
11.	Garden Son,	
iii.	Landscape Soil;	()
; ₁₇₇	Mulch:	(
IV.	- Witten,	
	Planting Mix; and	()
	D. (C. 1) M. (C. 1)	
V1.	Potting Mix.	(
е.	In lieu of a content or guaranteed analysis as required in Section 22 2207(1)(c), Idaho	Code, a
	claims the presence of a microbe(s), other than naturally occurring microbes, shall guarar	itee the
microbe(s) as	follows:	()
i.	Minimum number of each claimed viable organism at the genus and species level in	-colony
forming units	(CFU), spores or propagules per gram or milliliter (cm3);	()
	Expiration date; and	(
iii.	Storage & handling instructions.	()
02	N. A. Carl Chelling and Alex Harris Calls Thomas (CF) All Carl W	(
02.	Nutrient Claims and the Use of the Term "Fertilizer."	(
a.	The term "fertilizer" and like terms shall not be used in labeling or literature to describ	e a soi l
amendment oı	r plant amendment.	()
——————————————————————————————————————	Nutrient claims do not change the primary intended use of a soil or plant amendment produ	ict Ans
	a shall be provided on the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage an	entage
	ns and estimates must be supported by lab analysis or documentation acceptable by the ISDA.	
	I shaling on literature that makes nutrient alaims on estimates is required to contain the fo	11 ozzán c
statement: "T	Labeling or literature that makes nutrient claims or estimates is required to contain the fo his product is recognized for its soil amendment characteristics. It is recognized that it has	nowing nutrien
	trient claims, verbal or written, are estimates and not guaranteed."	(
ectimates may	At the discretion of the registrant, labeling or literature that does not make nutrient electronic contain the following statement: "This product is recognized for its soil amendment characters	
	that it has nutrient value. Any nutrient claims, verbal or written, are estimates and not guarantee	
		()
	A guaranteed analysis of plant nutrients will be permitted on potting soils, landscape and	gardar
c. soils, and rela	ted amendment products containing only levels of fertilizer sufficient to initiate growth.	garuer
,		, ,
03.	Microbiological Product. If the soil amendment or plant amendment is a microbiological	product
	n inoculum, the product label shall include an expiration date and state the number and kind on milliliter or, if the product is other than liquid, state the number and kind of viable organically.	
	er, if the soil amendment or plant amendment is derived from a microbiological process or cul-	

is not intended as an inoculum, then the product label shall state that the product is not a viable culture.	()
04. Ninety Five Percent Rule. When a soil amendment or plant amendment is labeled as a	-specific
material, such as peat moss or leaf mold, the product shall consist of not less than ninety five percent (95%)) of that
specific material.	()
05. Other Ingredients. When the name of an ingredient(s) appears on the label of a soil am	endment
or plant amendment and is not one of the ingredients required to be listed, the percentage of that ingredient	t (s) shall
appear prominently in print of the same size and color.	()
- 06. Warning or Caution Statements. The ISDA may require a registrant to include a wa	rning or
caution statement to ensure safety to handlers, crops, and the environment.	Tilling of
eduction statement to ensure surety to mandress, crops, and the environment.	()
07. Precautionary Statements. ISDA may require precautionary statements when needed	for safe
and effective use of the soil amendment or plant amendment.	()
531 539. (RESERVED)	
540. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS.	
The methods of sampling and analysis shall be those of AAPFCO, AOAC, or other methods as approve	d by the
ISDA.	()
505541 000 (DESEDVED)	
<u>505</u> 541 999. (RESERVED)	

02.06.02 - RULES GOVERNING REGISTRATIONS AND LICENSES



 Section 000
 Page 1
 LKnight_11242021

contain	ers.		(-)
	05	Ingredient Statement. A collective and contiguous listing on the label of the ingredients	of wh	ich.
the pet		pecialty pet food is composed.	(
	0.6			
or over		Principal Display Panel. The part of a label that is most likely to be displayed, presented der normal and customary conditions of display for retail sale and may include the front,		
		e package.	- Dack,	-01
srae pu	neis or un	e puotage.	•	,
		Viable Noxious Weed Seed. Any seed or propagule of a noxious weed, as identified or		
		er 24, Idaho Code, or any rules promulgated thereunder, that has not been ground fine e	nough	or
otherw	ise treate	d to destroy the ability to germinate.	(-)
111	114.	(RESERVED)		
115.	REGIS	STRATION AND FEES.		
of Idah	01. o, a fee o	Product Registration Fee . Whenever a commercial feed is registered for distribution in forty dollars (\$40) per product will be collected.	the sta	ate)
	a.	The Department will utilize these funds for the operation of all program activities, inch	ading l	out
not lim		egistration, label review, inspection and sampling, and laboratory analysis.		-)
			. 1 6	
program		The fee will be set by the Department such that all costs associated with the commercovered by the registration fee without the need for additional state general or dedicated fur		ea
progra	II WIII UC	eovered by the registration fee without the need for additional state general or dedicated for	lung.	_
exemp	t anyone ment reta	(\$500) are exempt from payment of the registration fee. This registration fee exemption from other sections of Subchapter A and/or the Idaho Commercial Feed Law. How ins the right to inspect any feed in the possession of those persons exempted by Subsection ()	ever, 1	he
from o	a. ther section	This exemption pertains to the registration fee only, and does not exempt a person or ons of Subchapter A and/or the Idaho Commercial Feed Law.	busine)SS
		•		
		The Department reserves the right to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to the right to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to the right to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to the right to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to the right to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming or visit to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to review the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the records of sellers who are claiming to record the rec		
		by are exempt from the payment of the registration fee, in order to ensure that they qualif	y for t	: ne (
exemp	non.		(
Section Law.	e. 1 25 2709	The Department further reserves the right to conduct any and all inspections allowed, Idaho Code, in order to ensure compliance with Subchapter A and/or the Idaho Commer		
116	119.	(RESERVED)		
120.	LABE	L FORMAT.		
	01.	Label Format. Commercial feeds shall be labeled with the information prescribed in Se		
		mmercial Feed Law and Subchapter A on the principal display panel of the product and the product and the principal display panel of the principal display panel displ	nd in 1	he
tollowi	ng gener	al format.	()
	a.	Net Weight.	()
	b.	Product name and brand name if any.	()

	g directions and precautionary statements appear elsewhere on the label.	o their
	ateed analysis of the feed as required under the provisions of Section 25-2705(1 cludes the following items, unless exempted, and in the order listed:)(c) of ()
i. Minimum p	percentage of crude protein.	()
ii. Maximum	or minimum percentage of equivalent protein from non-protein nitrogen.	()
iii. Minimum p	percentage of crude fat.	()
iv. Maximum j	percentage of crude fiber.	()
	o include, in the following order: minimum and maximum percentages of calcium phorus (P), minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl), and other mineral	
vi. Vitamins.		()
vii. Total sugar content.	rs as invert on dried molasses products or products being sold primarily for their	r sugar
when the commercial feed co Chloride. Guarantees for vi represented in any manner as required when the commerci minor significance relating supplements, and molasses. e. Feed ingred	s. Guarantees for minerals are not required when there are no specific label clair ontains less than six and one-half percent (6 1/2%) of Calcium, Phosphorus, Sodi itamins are not required when the commercial feed is neither formulated for a vitamin supplement. Guarantees for crude protein, crude fat, and crude fiber a tial feed is intended for purposes other than to furnish these substances or they to the primary purpose of the product, such as drug premixes, mineral or vital dients, collective terms for the grouping of feed ingredients, or appropriate states.	um, or for nor are not are of vitamin ()
as provided under the provisi order of predominance by we	ons of Section 25-2705(1)(d) of the Commercial Feed Law shall be listed in decreight:	reasing ()
	of each ingredient as defined in the <u>AAFCO</u> Official Publication of the Association of the Association of usual name, or one approved by the Director.	tion of
Ingredients published in the alieu of the individual ingredients label, individual ingredients feed control official, upon red	terms for the grouping of feed ingredients as defined in the Official Definitions of AAFCO Official Publication of the Association of American Feed Control Officients; provided that when a collective term for a group of ingredients is used within that group shall not be listed on the label. The manufacturer shall proviquest, with a list of individual ingredients within a defined group, that are or have es distributing in or into the state.	on the ide the
	rant may affix the statement, "ingredients as registered with the State" in lieu- he list of ingredients must be on file with the Director. This list shall be made av- quest.	
feed. The principal mailing	principal mailing address of the manufacturer or person responsible for distribution address shall include the street address, city, state, and zip code; however, the shown in the current city directory or telephone directory.	
	nation required in Section 25 2705 of the Commercial Feed Law must appear	in its
entirety on the principal displ	ay paner or the container.	\leftarrow

h. Labeling shall include all statements and promotion on company websites or other internet based
eustomer interfaces. ()
a. Bulk shipments of customer formula feed shall be accompanied by an invoice, delivery slip or other shipping documents identifying the shipment as customer formula feed and the name and address of the customer to whose order it is made.
b. Bagged customer-formula feed will be labeled with a tag identifying each bag as such. The total bags in each customer's shipment will be segregated from other bagged feed and identified with the name and address of the customer to whose order it is made.
e. Nutritional guarantees and guarantees of other analytes, and a list of ingredients, in descending order of predominance by weight, of a customer formula feed may be used in lieu of specific weights or volumes of each ingredient, as required in Section 25 2705(2)(d) (1)(a), Idaho Code, when so ordered by the customer. ()
O2. Guidelines for "Human Grade" Claims. In order to substantiate that a "human grade" claim is truthful and not misleading, a manufacturer making such claims must have documentation as required in the AAFCO Official Publication. Submitted documentation will not be reviewed as part of the label approval process, excepting any legal question or action requiring such.
121 124. (RESERVED)
125. BRAND AND PRODUCT NAMES.
01. Intended Use. The brand or product name must be appropriate for the intended use of the feed and must not be misleading. If the name indicates the feed is made for a specific use, the character of the feed must conform therewith. A mixture labeled "Dairy Feed," for example, must be suitable for that purpose.
<u>121</u> 126 129. (RESERVED)
130. EXPRESSION OF GUARANTEES.
01. Percentage by Weight . The guarantees for crude protein, equivalent protein from non-protein nitrogen, crude fat, crude fiber and mineral guarantees (when required) will be in terms of percentage by weight.
O2. Commercial Feeds. Commercial feeds containing six and one-half percent (6 1/2%) or more Calcium, Phosphorus, Sodium or Chloride shall include in the guaranteed analysis the minimum and maximum percentages of calcium (Ca), the minimum percentage of phosphorus (P), and if salt is added, the minimum and maximum percentage of salt (NaCl). Minerals, except salt (NaCl) shall be guaranteed in terms of percentage of the element. When calcium and/or salt guarantees are given in the guaranteed analysis such shall be stated and conform to the following:
a. When the minimum is five percent (5%) or less, the maximum will not exceed the minimum by more than one (1) percentage point.
b. When the minimum is above five percent (5%), the maximum will not exceed the minimum by more than twenty percent (20%) and in no case shall the maximum exceed the minimum by more than five (5) percentage points.
03. Vitamin Content. Guarantees for minimum vitamin content of commercial feeds and feed supplements, when made, shall be stated on the label in milligrams per pound of feed except that:

a.	Vitamin A, other than precursors of vitamin A, shall be stated in International or USP ur	its per
pound.		$\overline{()}$
	West's Driver and the first to	•4
pound.	Vitamin D, in products offered for poultry feeding, shall be stated in International Chick Ur	itts per
pound.		()
е.	Vitamin D for other uses shall be stated in International or USP units per pound.	(\longrightarrow)
		,
d.	Vitamin E shall be stated in International USP units per pound.	()
е.	Guarantees for vitamin content on the label of a commercial feed shall state the guarantee	
	compounds, with the exception of the compounds, Pyridoxine Hydrochloride, Choline Ch	loride,
Thiamine, and	d d Pantothenic Acid.	()
f	Oils and premixes containing vitamin A or vitamin D or both may be labeled to show v	itamin
	ms of units per gram.	(<u></u>
	ins of this per grain.	,
131 134.	(RESERVED)	
135. NON	N-PROTEIN NITROGEN.	
	Urea. Urea and other non protein nitrogen products defined in the Official Publication	
	of American Feed Control Officials or by the Director are acceptable ingredients only in committee of the control of the contr	
	inant animals as a source of equivalent crude protein. If the commercial feed contains more that	
	ive hundredths percent (8.75%) of equivalent crude protein from all forms of non protein ni	
	n, or the equivalent crude protein from all forms of non protein nitrogen, added as such, exceed	
	the total crude protein, the label shall bear adequate directions for the safe use of feeds	
	statement: "CAUTION: USE AS DIRECTED." The directions for use and the caution statement	
	Such size so placed on the label that they will be read and understood by ordinary persons	under
customary col	nditions of purchase and use.	()
02.	Non-Protein Nitrogen Defined. Non-protein nitrogen defined in the Official Publication	of the
	f American Feed Control Officials, when so indicated, are acceptable ingredients in commercia	
	non ruminant animals as a source of nutrients other than equivalent crude protein. The materials are a source of nutrients other than equivalent crude protein.	
	ade protein from non protein nitrogen sources when used in non ruminant rations shall not exce	
	ve hundredths percent (1.25%) of the total daily ration.	()
, and the second		` /
03.	Labels for Medicated Feeds. On labels such as those for medicated feeds that bear ad	equate
feeding direc	tions and/or warning statements, the presence of added non-protein nitrogen shall not rec	uire a
duplication of	f the feeding directions or the precautionary statements as long as those statements include sur	ficient
information to	ensure the safe and effective use of this product due to the presence of non-protein nitrogen.	()
<u>131</u> 136 13	9. (RESERVED)	
140. DRU	JC AND FEED ADDITIVES.	
2100 2210		
	Satisfactory Evidence. Satisfactory evidence of safety and efficacy of a commercial feed m	ay be:
		$\stackrel{\cdot}{(}$
a.	When the commercial feed contains such additives, the use of which conforms to the require	
	able regulation in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, or which are "prior sanction	ed" or
"generally rec	cognized as safe" for such use; or	()
_		
b.	When the commercial feed is itself a drug and is generally recognized as safe and effective	tor the
U.S.C. 360(b)	r is marketed subject to an application approved by the Food and Drug Administration under T	itie 21
v.a.v. 300(b)	.	ι)

<u>131</u> 141.	144.	(RESERVED)

145. ADULTERANTS.

01.	Substances. For the purpose of Section 25 2707, Idaho Code, of the Commercial Feed	Law, the
	ous or deleterious substances" include, but are not limited to, the following:	()
1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
a.	Fluorine and any mineral or mineral mixture that is to be used directly for the feeding of	domestic
	n which the fluorine exceeds two tenths percent (0.2%) for breeding and dairy cattle; the	
) for slaughter cattle; three tenths percent (0.3%) for sheep; thirty-five hundredths percent (0	
	ive hundredths percent (0.45%) for swine; and six tenths percent (0.6%) for poultry.	
	r	,
b.	Fluorine bearing ingredients when used in such amounts that they raise the fluorine cont	ent of the
	xclusive of roughage) above the following amounts: four thousandths percent (0.004%) for	
	le; nine thousandths percent (0.009%) for slaughter cattle; six thousandths percent (0.006%)	
	as percent (0.01%) for lambs; fifteen thousandths percent (0.015%) for swine and three h	
	%) for poultry.	()
percent (0.037)	v) for poulty.	()
c	Fluorine bearing ingredients incorporated in any feed that is fed directly to cattle, sheep	n or goats
	ughage (with or without) limited amounts of grain, that results in a daily fluorine intake in	
	igrams of fluorine per one hundred (100) pounds of body weight.	()
11119 (30) 111111	agrams of fluorine per one numered (100) pounds of body weight.	()
d	Soybean meal, flakes or pellets or other vegetable meals, flakes or pellets that have been	extracted
	thylene or other chlorinated solvents.	()
with themoret	hytene of other emormated sorvents.	()
	Sulfur dioxide, Sulfurous acid, and salts of Sulfurous acid when used in or on feed	ls of food
ingradients the	at are considered or reported to be a significant source of vitamin B1 (Thiamine).	
ingredients tha	at the considered of reported to be a significant source of vitalinin B1 (Tinaninine).	
	Screenings or By-Products. All screenings or by-products of grains and seeds contain used in commercial feed or sold as such to the ultimate consumer, shall be ground fine exted to destroy the viability of such weed seeds.	
03.	Viable Noxious Weed Seed. Viable noxious weed seed as defined in Subsection 110.07.	()
146 149.	(RESERVED)	
150 ADO	OPTIONS AND PROMULGATION.	
		C TP141-
	tofore adopted and promulgated August 16, 1971 pertaining to the Idaho Commercial Feed I 7, Idaho Code, are hereby repealed, and are replaced by Subchapter A.	_aw, me
25, Chapter 27	7, Idano Code, are hereby repealed, and are replaced by Subchapter A.	()
151 150	(RESERVED)	
131 139.	(RESERVED)	
160. CO T	TONSEED.	
01.	Certification. Prior to entry into the state of Idaho all shipments of cottonseed or cotton	seed seed
products destir	ned for animal feed shall be certified as having been sampled and analyzed and no greater an	nount than
twenty (20) pp	pb of aflatoxin shall be contained within the product or products, except that cottonseed mea	l intended
for use as an a	animal feed or feed ingredient for beef cattle, swine and poultry, may be certified to contain	more than
	bb but less than three hundred (300) ppb of aflatoxin.	()
	Storage Location and Destination. Whole cottonseed, cottonseed meal or cottons	
products enter i	ing the state certified to contain no greater than twenty (20) ppb aflatoxin, or cottonseed mea	ll certified
to contain mor	re than twenty (20) ppb but less than three hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin shall be accompani	ed by the

document shall be maintained on file at the shipment destination for no less than one (1) year. In the case of bulk rail

car shipments, the certification document shall accompany the invoice or bill of lading and be identified with a storage location at destination. The certification document shall be maintained on file at the shipment destination for no less than one (1) year.
O3. Registration. Idaho firms wishing to import into the state and/or handle cottonseed meal containing more than twenty (20) ppb but less than three hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin for distribution or sale shall register annually with the Department their intent to do so. Feedlots and other end user operations importing the cottonseed meal as defined above in this paragraph for their own use are exempted from registration requirement. The importing firm shall also register the cottonseed meal (if not already registered by another firm) with the Department and pay any applicable registration fees (Sections 25 2704, Idaho Code). As a condition of registration, firms importing and/or handling cottonseed meal certified to contain more than twenty (20) ppb but less than three hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin, shall enter into a compliance agreement with the Department agreeing to:
a. Store and label cottonseed meal certified to contain more than twenty (20) ppb but less than three hundred (300) ppb aflatoxin separately from cottonseed meal certified to contain less than twenty (20) ppb aflatoxin;
b. Inform the purchaser in writing of the certified aflatoxin level in the meal purchased; and ()
c. Submit to periodic record and facility inspections, and product testing by the Department. (
O4. Certification Performance. Required certification will be performed by any state government or Federal government engaged in this type of certification. In the event that a state government or Federal government laboratory is not available, an independent or company laboratory may upon request be approved by the Department. Requests and approval shall be made in advance of the shipment entering the state.
161 169. (RESERVED)
170. COTTONSEED EXEMPTIONS. Cottonseed hulls are exempted from laboratory certification requirements as stated in Subsections 160.01 through 160.04, provided that, cottonseed hulls shall not contain greater than twenty (20) ppb aflatoxin as required by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Any invoice or bill of lading accompanying or sent in regard to a shipment of cottonseed hulls shall state the level of aflatoxin in parts per billion contained in the shipment.
171 179. (RESERVED)
180. DETAINED COMMERCIAL FEEDS.
91. Stop Sale, Use, or Removal . Any commercial feed or identified lot of commercial feed that is the subject of a "stop sale, use, or removal" order under Section 25 2711(1), Idaho Code, may be released from such an order by the following means:
a. A commercial feed detained for nutritional violation(s) may be:
i. Remanufactured, using ingredients listed on the approved label, to meet label guarantees. The remixed feed shall be resampled and analyzed to ensure compliance prior to its return to sale.
ii. Relabeled to reflect actual values, upon approval of a new label and registration, provided that these values are appropriate for their intended use.
iii. Returned to the manufacturer if the seller and manufacturer are not the same.
iv. Diverted to an alternate use such as inclusion into another feed, or feeding to the manufacturer's
own livestock, provided that it is appropriate for the diverted use and that it does not conflict with labeling or other

V.	Destroyed.	$\overline{(}$
b	A commercial feed detained for a drug or antibiotic violation may be:	
	The commercial rect detained for a drug of antiologic violation may be.	()
i.	Remanufactured to meet label guarantees. The remixed feed shall be resampled and analyze	d prior
to its return to	sale.	()
——ii.	Returned to the manufacturer if the seller and manufacturer are not the same.	()
State or Feder	Diverted to an alternate use, provided that it is appropriate for the diverted use labeling of all requirements for the diverted use.	r other
State of Teder	ar requirements for the diverted use.	()
iv.	Destroyed.	()
	A commercial feed deemed to be adulterated under Section 25-2707(1), Idaho Code, or that	cannot
safely be rema	anufactured, relabeled, or diverted to an alternate use may be:	()
•		` ′
i.	Returned to the manufacturer if the seller and manufacturer are not the same.	()
——ii.	Destroyed.	()
	•	,
	Appropriate Compliance Procedure. The Department will indicate which of the above	listed
	rocedures are appropriate for the particular "withdrawal from sale" order. The seller shall is ure is to be followed and, upon approval from the Department, shall carry out the procedure	
	ays. Other procedures may be considered upon application by the state inspector or seller	
	Bureau of Feeds and Plant Services, Idaho Department of Agriculture, Boise, Idaho.	
	Violation of Stop Sale, Use, or Removal Order. Any violation of the terms or condition of Removal Order is considered a prohibited act.	ns of a
		()
181 211.	(RESERVED)	
	SUBCHAPTER B NURSERIES AND FLORISTS	
212. SPE	CIAL SERVICE.	
	es or florists require additional inspections and special services, a special service fee will be c	harged.
	PA 02.06.04, "Rules Governing Plant Exports," Section 195, "Fees and Charges," for a co	mplete
schedule of se	exvices and fees.	()
213 219.	(RESERVED)	
220 CITI		
	P PING PERMIT NUMBER. , a licensed nurseryman who holds a valid certificate of inspection from the Idaho Departm	gent of
Agriculture for	or his nursery will be issued a shipping permit number. Application for a number must be	made
annually, and	the use of the number is subject to the following conditions:	()
01	Accompaniment. The shipping permit number shall accompany all shipments and delive	rios of
nursery stock.	Accompanient. The simpping permit number shall accompany an simplicing and derive	()
y		` /
02.	Changes. Once issued, the shipping permit number will not change unless request is made	e for a
new number.		()
03.	Application Deadline. Application for a number or renewal of a number must be m	ade by
January 1 of e	each year. Failure to do so will result in suspension of the shipping permit number.	()
04.	Fees. A number will be issued or renewed only after the proper nursery license fees have	e been
0-1.	2 225. 12 hamsel will be issued of fellowed only after the proper hursely needs fees have	JOCH

paid for the current license year. A shipping permit number will be held in abeyance until the proper license fees are paid. 05. Reissue Application. If the business entity of a licensee is changed, or if the membership of a partnership is changed, irrespective of whether or not the business name is changed, application for reissuance of the shipping permit number must be made to the Idaho Department of Agriculture. Permit Number. The shipping permit number, if printed on containers or cartons, will read as follows: (SEAL) IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE **DIVISION OF PLANT INDUSTRIES** BOISE, IDAHO 83701 SHIPPING PERMIT NO. The nursery doing business under the above permit number has been regularly inspected and, to the best of our knowledge, is free from dangerous insect pests and diseases. No Other Statements. No other statements, other than the business name and address, may appear on the side of the container on which the shipping permit number and accompanying statement are printed. The printing of the shipping permit number is the responsibility of the licensee and all costs incurred in printing are his responsibility. **146221.** -- 309. (RESERVED) SUBCHAPTER C - BEE INSPECTION 310. **DEFINITIONS.** The Department adopts the definitions set forth in Section 22 2502, Idaho Code for the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter C only. 311. -- 314. (RESERVED) **315.** REGULATED BEE DISEASES. Specifically, American foulbrood, European foulbrood, sac brood and bee paralysis, Varroa mite, tracheal mite, or any other disease or abnormal condition of egg, larval, pupal, or adult stages of honey bees, hereinafter is referred to as bee diseases. 311316. -- 329. (RESERVED) REGULATED PRODUCTS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT. Subchapter C concerns any stage of the common honey bee, Apis mellifera L., all equipment used in handling and manipulation of bees, wax, and hives, and includes any containers for honey and wax that may be used in any apiary or in transporting bees and their products and apiary supplies that are located within the state of Idaho. 331. -- 339. (RESERVED)

REGISTRATION AND COLLECTION OF FEES.

340.

Department of Agriculture a "Registration" form provided by the Idaho Department of Agriculture specifying the name, residence, place of apiaries, number of hives or colonies of bees owned or controlled, and such other information as may be required, accompanied by the applicable registration fee. 341. -- 349. (RESERVED) 350. INSPECTION PROCEDURES. Request for Inspection. All beekeepers requiring an apiary inspection shall complete the "Request for Inspection" form provided by the Department of Agriculture that includes name, address, telephone number of the applicant, number of colonies to be inspected and the state(s) to which entry is desired. The applicant agrees to pay the costs of the inspection according to the fee schedule in Section 370. The request for inspection must be returned to the Department of Agriculture no later than August 15 of each year. Late requests will be accepted through August 31, after which no requests for inspection will be accepted. No inspections will be conducted after November 15 of each year. Apiaries found free of disease will be entitled to receive a health certificate valid for one (1) year from date of issuance permitting access to those states that require and recognize Idaho certification. Disease Inspection. The apiary inspector will inspect for all diseases and pests cited in Section 315, specifically for American foulbrood and Varroa mite or other bee diseases as specified by the importing state regulatory agency. 03. Posting of Registration. All apiaries located within the state of Idaho shall be conspicuously posted with the name, address and telephone number and state registration number of the owner. 04. Necessary Precautions. The apiary inspector will take all necessary precautions to properly disinfect all tools and any other thing that may have come into contact with diseased bees or equipment to prevent spread of the disease. (RESERVED) 351. -- 359. 360. DUTY OF OWNER OF BEES. 01. Compliance With Rules. Upon receipt of disease notification, the owner shall control the disease through the use of registered and approved agents in accordance with label directions or eradicate the disease by burning, then burying under not less than eighteen (18) inches of soil, the contaminated bees and equipment. Quarantined Apiary. Bees shall not be removed from an infested or quarantined apiary without permission, in writing, from the Director or the Director's agents. 361. -- 369. (RESERVED) 370. FEES AND CHARGES. Inspection, Sampling and Other Field Work: Inspection time: fifteen dollars (\$15) per hour. Travel costs: mileage, meals and lodging will be charged according to established state rates. Laboratory Examination. Twenty-five dollars (\$25) per worker hour. **341371**. -- 403. (RESERVED)

On or before July 1 of each year any person engaging in the activities of apicultural shall file with the Idaho

SUBCHAPTER D – FERTILIZER

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404. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter D:

Officially Adopted Documents, Official Terms, Ingredient Definitions, and Policies, as published in the "2021 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those terms and ingredient definitions, and policy-statements do not conflict with terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements adopted under—Title 22, Chapter 6, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org. ()

Q2. The Merck Index. The "2013 Merck Index," 15th Edition as published by Merck Research Laboratories Division of Merck & Co., Incorporated. The Merck Index is a copyrighted publication and not available in an electronic format. A copy may be purchased online from Merck & Co., Inc. (now hosted by the Royal Society of Chemistry) at: http://www.rsc.org/merckindex.

<u>0203.</u> The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC) International. The "2019 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the AOAC," 21st Edition, a copyrighted publication, is maintained and published by the AOAC International. The AOAC OMA is available in electronic format at: www.EOMA.AOAC.org. A copy may be purchased online from AOAC International.

405. -- 409. (RESERVED)

410. DEFINITIONS.

In addition to the definitions found in Section 22 603, Idaho Code, the definitions in Subsection 410 apply in the interpretation and enforcement of Subchapter D only.

O1. Guarantee. An affirmation or promise made by the seller to the buyer that relates to the goods and becomes part of the basis of the bargain and creates an express warranty that the fertilizer shall conform to the affirmation or promise.

02. Ultimate Dealer. The person who distributes fertilizer product to the end user. ()

405411. -- 419. (RESERVED)

420. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS.

The methods of sampling <u>are those of AAPFCO</u> and analysis are those of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists (AOAC) or other methods as approved by the department.

421. -- 429. (RESERVED)

430. RULES REGARDING THE REGISTRATION OF FERTILIZERS CONTAINING PLANT NUTRIENTS IN ADDITION TO NITROGEN, PHOSPHATE, AND POTASH.

01. Other Plant Nutrients. A fertilizer may contain plant nutrients in addition to nitrogen, phosphate and potash. When these other nutrients are mentioned on the label in any form or manner, the fertilizer shall be registered. In addition, each nutrient amount shall be guaranteed, with the guarantee reported on the label on an elemental basis. Sources of the nutrients subjected to the guaranteed analysis, and proof of availability shall be provided to the department upon request. Any additional nutrients, contained in a fertilizer submitted for registration, must be present in the following minimum concentrations:

Element	Percent
Calcium (Ca)	1.0000

Magnesium (Mg)	0.5000
Sulfur (S)	1.0000
Boron (B)	0.0200
Chlorine (CI)	0.1000
Cobalt (Co)	0.0005
Copper (Cu)	0.0500
Iron (Fe)	0.1000
Manganese (Mn)	0.0500
Molybdenum (Mo)	0.0005
Nickel (Ni)	0.0010
Sodium (Na)	0.1000
Zinc (Zn)	0.0500

O2. Labeling. The label shall constitute a guarantee regarding the nutrient content of the fertilizer. No nutrients, other than those listed in Subsection 430.01, will be accepted by the department as guaranteed. Proposed labels and directions for the use of the fertilizer shall be furnished with the application for registration upon request. Any of the above listed elements that are guaranteed shall appear in the order listed immediately following guarantees for the primary nutrients of nitrogen, phosphate and potash.

O3. Exemptions. Guarantees for water soluble nutrients labeled for ready to use foliar fertilizers, ready to use specialty liquid fertilizers, hydroponic or continuous liquid feed programs, and potting soils, are exempted from the minimum element percentages listed in Subsection 430.01.

421431. -- 439. (RESERVED)

440. WARNING OR CAUTION STATEMENTS.

A warning or cautionary statement is required on any fertilizer product: (

- **01. Containing Boron**. If the fertilizer product contains one tenth of a percent (.10%) or more boron in a water soluble form, the statement shall include:
 - a. The word "Warning" or "Caution" conspicuously displayed; ()

)

- **b.** The crops for which the fertilizer is recommended; and ()
- c. That the use of the fertilizer on any crop(s) other than those recommended may result in serious injury to the crop(s).
- **02. Containing Molybdenum**. If the fertilizer product contains one thousandths of a percent (.001%) or more molybdenum, the statement shall include:

a.	The word "Warning" or "Cautio	n" conspicuously displayed; and	()
b. levels of moly	That the application of fertilized bdenum that are toxic to ruminant and	s containing molybdenum may result in imals.	forage crops containing ()
	ent for any other fertilizer product that application of the micro nutrier	e department may require a registrant to the contains a micro nutrient in water solute that the contains a micro nutrient in water solute may be harmful to certain crops or the contains and the contains are contains are contains and the contains are contains are contains and the contains are contains a	ble form for which there
04.	Examples. The following are ex	amples of warning or caution statements:	()
erop).	Directions: Apply this fertilizer	at a maximum rate of (number of pound	s) per acre for (name of
b.	CAUTION: Do not use on other	crops. The (name of micro nutrient) may	cause injury to them.
erop). Do not		at a maximum rate of (number of pound ro nutrient) may cause serious injury to th	
d. only on (name serious injury	of crop). Its use on any other crops	ies added (name(s) of micro nutrient(s)) or under conditions other than those rece	
e.	•	be used only on soil that responds to (regrazing animals (ruminants).	name of micro nutrient).
		nt) is recommended for all crops where (susceptible crops may cause damage.	name of micro nutrient) (
441 449.	(RESERVED)		
The following products, this information sl	information shall either appear on th nall be in a readable and conspicue	d, is the minimum required for all fertilise package, or be printed on a tag and attactus form. For bulk products, this same in blied to the purchaser at time of delivery.	hed to the package. This
01.	Net Weight or Net Volume, If et volume is stated.	Liquid. Weight per gallon shall be includ	ed on the label of liquid
	Brand.		()
03.	Grade. Grade (provided that t	he grade shall not be required when n	o primary nutrients are
The sliding se fifteen to eigh shall be set for basis, as requi	should not be made and shall not a ale method of expressing a guarante teen percent (15-18%)") is prohibite of the on the label. Nutrients other than	ter label must contain the results of the guppear in any statement except in nutrient ed analysis on fertilizer labels (for example). If chemical forms of nitrogen are claimentrogen, phosphate and potash shall be set of the guaranteed analysis required by Set (N).	guarantee itemizations. le, "Available Phosphate ed or required, said form et forth, on an elemental

%	Ammoniacal Nitrogen
%	Nitrate Nitrogen
%	Water Insoluble Nitrogen
%	Urea Nitrogen
%	(Other recognized and determinable forms of N)
Available Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅)	%
Soluble Potash (K₂O)	%
(Other nutrients, elemental basis)	%

	-05.	Sources. Sources of nutrients shall be listed below the completed guaranteed analysis	statement.
	06.	Name and Address. Name and address of manufacturer, guarantor or registrant.	()
	07.	Specialty Fertilizers. For specialty fertilizers distributed to the end user, the label s	hall set forth
adequa	t e direc t	tions for use. Such directions may include, but are not limited to:	()
(where label);	a. applica	The recommended application rate or rates in units of weight or volume per unit of a tion rates are given in volume, the manufacturer shall provide the bulk density for the provide the bulk density	rea coverage roduct on the
nutrien	b. ts and k	Proper seasonal times and minimum intervals to apply the product when plants can repose to the environment can be minimized; and	apidly utilize
	e.	The statement "Apply Only As Directed" or a statement of similar designation.	()
and Mo	08. easures,	Packaging. Refer to Idaho Department of Agriculture rules, IDAPA 02.02.14, "Rules" for the specific requirements relating to product identity, declaration of quantity an	s for Weights ad prescribed (
4 51	4 5 4.	— (RESERVED)	
4 55.	-PROI	DUCT REGISTRATION.	
dry or Section	01. iquid fo	Registration. All fertilizer companies, including companies engaged in custom formertilizers, shall comply with the product registration requirements of the Idaho Fertilizers, Idaho Code, subject to the provisions of this Subchapter D.	
from it:	02.	Alteration From Original State. When a fertilizer is mixed, added to, or in any val grade or its content of secondary or minor nutrients, it is a different product, and must	
as prov	ided un	der Section 22 605, Idaho Code.	()

	Registering Altered Fertilizers. When a registered grade is altered by any con	
	facturer or ultimate dealer, such manufacturer or ultimate dealer, shall register the altered- Section 22 605, Idaho Code.	grade a
provided under	Section 22 003, Idano Code.	(
04.	Brand Name. The addition of another prominent name or graphic design to the brand d	isplaye e
on the label, of	ther than descriptive words associated with the grade, constitutes a different brand and thus,	must be
registered as pr	rovided under Section 22 605, Idaho Code. For example, changing "Rose Bud 5 10 5" to "I	Kilmer'
Rose Bud 5-10	5" would constitute a change in brand.	(
05	Sale of Fertilizer. When a commercial fertilizer is removed from the package or vehicle	in which
	y the original registrant and then offered for sale by a person other than the original registran	
	ct and shall be registered in accordance with Section 22 605, Idaho Code, except that it is no	
	l inspection fee as provided under Section 22 608, Idaho Code, provided that said fee was pai	
	original or prior registrant.	(
product by the	original of prior registrant.	(
456 459.	(RESERVED)	
460 SLOV	VLV RELEASED PLANT NUTRIENTS.	
4 60. SLOV	VLY KELEASED FLANT NUTKIENTS.	
01.	Slow Release. No fertilizer label shall bear a statement that connotes or implies that certain	ain plan
	ined in a fertilizer are released slowly over a period of time, unless the slow release compor	
	guaranteed at a level of at least fifteen percent (15%) of the total guarantee for that nutrient(s).	
	5	
02.	Slow Release Properties. Types of products with slow release properties currently recog-	nized b
	for the purposes of a guarantee include:	(
a.	Water insoluble, such as natural organics, ureaform materials, urea formaldehyde p	oroducts
isobutylidene d	liurea, oxamide, etc.;	
	Coated slow release, such as sulfur coated urea and other encapsulated soluble fertilizers;	
0	Occluded slow release, where fertilizers or fertilizer materials are mixed with waxes, re	ocine o
other inert mate	erials and formed into particles; and	(
other mert mate	erials and formed into particles, and	
d	Products containing water soluble nitrogen such as ureaform materials, urea forma	ldehvd
products, methy	ylenediurea (MDU), dimethylenetriura (DMTU), dieyanodiamide (DCD), etc.	(
,,	y(
03.	Additional Products May Be Added to List of Slow Release Nutrients. The departm	ent ma
add additional 1	products to the list of recognized slow release nutrients upon an appropriate showing by a re	gistran
The terms, "wa	ater insoluble," "coated slow release," "slow release," "controlled release," "slowly availab	le wate
	occluded slow release," are accepted as descriptive of these products, provided the manufact	
	program substantiating the claim. Testing shall be under guidance of Experiment Station pers	
	esearcher acceptable to the department. A laboratory procedure, acceptable to the departi	
evaluating the r	release characteristics of the product(s), must also be provided by the manufacturer.	(
0.4	Mathada IIalaa ahamiis araifid ha da darantusat AOAC International Mathada	1 070 0
	Methods. Unless otherwise specified by the department, AOAC International Method is to be used to confirm the coated slow release and occluded slow release nutrients and other	
clow ralasca ch	BESTAL AND	
	taracteristics depend on particle size. AOAC International Method 945.01 (15th Edition) shall e water insoluble nitrogen of organic materials.	

470. INVESTIGATIONAL ALLOWANCES.

01. Use of Investigational Allowances. Investigational Allowances will be used in determining whether a fertilizer is deficient. Fertilizers that are deemed deficient are subject to penalty. Penalties for deficient fertilizers are found in Section 22 611, Idaho Code.

02. Deeming a Fertilizer Deficient. A fertilizer will be deemed deficient if the analysis of any nutrient is below the guarantee by an amount exceeding the values in the following schedules, or if the overall index value of the fertilizer is below ninety-seven percent (97%). Note: For these investigational allowances to be applicable, the recommended AOAC International procedures for obtaining samples, preparation and analysis must be used. These are described in Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, 13th Edition, 1980, and in succeeding issues of the Journal of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists. In evaluating replicate data, Table 19, page 935, Journal of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, Volume 49, No. 5, October, 1966, should be followed.

<u>0203.</u> **Investigational Allowances for Nitrogen, Phosphate and Potash**. For guaranteed percentages not listed in the following table, calculate the appropriate investigational allowance by interpolation.

Guaranteed Percent	Nitrogen Percent	Available Phosphate Percent	Potash Percent
04 or less	0.49	0.67	0.41
05	0.51	0.67	0.43
06	0.52	0.67	0.47
07	0.54	0.68	0.53
08	0.55	0.68	0.60
09	0.57	0.68	0.65
10	0.58	0.69	0.70
12	0.61	0.69	0.79
14	0.63	0.70	0.87
16	0.67	0.70	0.94
18	0.70	0.71	1.01
20	0.73	0.72	1.08
22	0.75	0.72	1.15
24	0.78	0.73	1.21
26	0.81	0.73	1.27
28	0.83	0.74	1.33
30	0.86	0.75	1.39
32 or more (*)	0.88	0.76	1.44

(*For DAP and MAP, the Investigational Allowance for Available Phosphate is zero point seventy (0.70); for TSP, the Investigational Allowance shall be: one point fifty-two (1.52)). For dry custom mix fertilizers, an additional five percent (5%) of the guaranteed percentage shall be granted in addition to the allowances made in Subsection 470.03.

04. Investigational Allowance for Other Nutrients. Secondary and minor elements shall be deemed deficient if any element is below the guarantee by an amount exceeding the values in the following schedule:

Element		Investigational Allowance
Calcium)	0.2 unit + 5% of guarantee
Magnesium)	0.2 unit + 5% of guarantee
Sulfur)	0.2 unit + 5% of guarantee
Boron)	0.003 unit + 15% of guarantee
Cobalt)	0.0001 unit + 30% of guarantee
Chlorine)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Copper)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Iron)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Manganese)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Molybdenum)	0.0001 unit + 30% of guarantee
Sodium)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee
Zinc)	0.005 unit + 10% of guarantee

The maximum allowance when calculated as specified shall be one (1) unit (one percent (1%)). For dry custom mix fertilizers, an additional five percent (5%) of the guarantee shall be granted in addition to the allowances made above in this section.

Overall Index Value. The overall index value is calculated by comparing the commercial dollar value guaranteed with the commercial dollar value found (Commercial Dollar Value found / Commercial dollar value guaranteed) x 100). Unit dollar values of the nutrients used are those referred to in Section 22 612, Idaho Code. The Department will conduct periodic surveys of the industry to determine unit dollar values.

96. Examples. The following are examples of calculations for a custom mixed fertilizer of a 12–16–14 grade. For the purpose of these examples, the nutrient unit dollar values for all of the examples are assumed to be twenty-three cents (\$.23) per pound of nitrogen, twenty-seven cents (\$.27) per pound of available phosphate (P2O5), and eighteen cents (\$.18) per pound of potash (K2O).

Example 1. A ten thousand (10,000) pound batch of customer formula fertilizer guaranteed at 12.0 16.0 14.0 is analyzed and found at 10.6 16.4 14.3

Nutrient	Guaranteed	x price/lb	Found	x price/lb
----------	------------	------------	-------	------------

N	12.0	\$2.76 (\$.23 x 12.0)	10.6	\$2.438 (\$.23 x 10.6)
P ₂ O ₅	16.0	\$4.32 (\$.27 x 16.0)	16.4	\$4.428 (\$.27 x 16.4)
K ₂O	14.0	\$2.52 (\$.18 x 14.0)	14.3	\$2.574 (\$.18 x 14.3)
Total		\$9.60		\$9.44

Overall Index Value = $(\$9.44/\$9.60) \times 100 = 98.3\%$

However, the nitrogen value is in violation. The investigational allowance for a nitrogen guarantee of 12.0% is 0.61% (see the chart in section 02.06.12.050.03 above) plus an additional 5% of the guarantee for customer formula mixes. Therefore the nitrogen value must be at least 10.79%: (12.0 - [.61 + 12.0(.05)] = 10.79%) in order to be within permissible values.

To find the amount (Lbs.) of N deficiency multiply the percent guaranteed by the weight of the lot minus the percentage found multiplied by the weight of the lot.

(.12) (12%) guaranteed x 10,000 lbs) (.106) (10.6%) found x 10,000 lbs) = 140 pounds

The penalty will be calculated as three times the value of a deficiency of 140 pounds of nitrogen in the 10,000 pound batch. $3 \times [140 (\$.23)] = \96.60

Example 2. A ten thousand (10,000) pound batch of customer formula fertilizer guaranteed at 12.0 16.0 14.0 is analyzed at 11.1 15.3 13.1.

Nutrient	Guaranteed	x price/lb	Found	x price/lb
Н	12.0	\$2.76 (\$.23 x 12.0)	11.1	\$2.553 (\$.23 x 11.1)
P ₂ O ₅	16.0	\$4.32 (\$.27 x 16.0)	15.3	\$4.131 (\$.27 x 15.3)
K₂O	14.0	\$2.52 (\$.18 x 14.0)	13.1	\$2.358 (\$.18 x 13.1)
Total		\$9.60		\$9.042

Overall Index Value = $(\$9.042/\$9.60) \times 100 = 94.2\%$

Although each of the individual nutrients is within the investigational allowance, the cumulative deficiency is reflected in the Overall Index Value.

The investigational allowance table shows for a nitrogen guarantee of 12%, the allowance is 0.61%. An additional allowance of 5% of the guarantee is 0.60%. The minimum nitrogen value is then $12.0 - [0.61 + (.05 \times 12)] = 10.79$.

The minimum acceptable values for P2O5 and K2O will be 14.50 and 12.43, respectively.

The penalty will be calculated as follows:

Nutrient	Guaranteed lbs	•	Found lbs	=	Deficient- Ibs	×	-price/lb
N	1200 (.12 x 10,000)	-	1110 (.111 x 10,000)	-	90	×	\$20.70 (\$.23 x 90 lbs)
₽205	1600 (.16 x 10,000)	•	1530 (.153 x 10,000)	=	70	×	\$18.90 (\$.27 x 70 lbs)
K ₂ O	1400 (.14 x 10,000)	-	1310 (.131 x 10,000)	=	90	×	\$16.20 (\$.18 x 90 lbs)
Total							\$55.80

3(\$55.80) = \$167.40

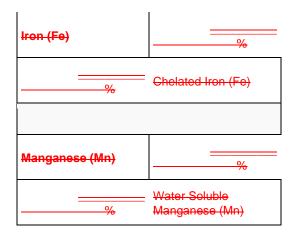
If the examples were specialty fertilizers rather than customer formula mixes, the penalties will be assessed in accordance with Section 22 611, Idaho Code.

471. -- 479. (RESERVED)

480. ITEMIZATION OF PLANT FOOD ELEMENTS WITHIN THE GUARANTEED ANALYSIS.

When a product label sets forth the different components of plant nutrients, the percentage for each component shall be shown before that component's name.

EXAMPLES:				
Total Nitrogen (N)	%			
	-Ammoniacal Nitrogen			
	Nitrate Nitrogen			
Magnesium (Mg)				
	Water Soluble Magnesium (Mg)			
Sulfur (S)				
	Free Sulfur (S)			
	- Combined Sulfur (S)			



481. -- 489. (RESERVED)

490. ORGANIC NITROGEN.

If an amount of nitrogen is designated as organic then the water insoluble nitrogen or the slow release nitrogen guarantee must not be less than sixty percent (60%) of the nitrogen so designated. Coated urea shall not be included in meeting the sixty percent (60%) requirement.

471491. -- 503. (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER E – SOIL AND PLANT AMENDMENTS

504. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

The following documents are incorporated by reference into Subchapter E:

- **01.** The Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO) Official Publication. The Terms, Ingredient Definitions, and Policies, as published in the "20222021 Official Publication" of AAPFCO where those terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements do not conflict with terms and ingredient definitions, and policy statements adopted under Title 22, Chapter 622, Idaho Code, and any rule promulgated thereunder. A copy may be purchased online from the AAPFCO website at: www.aapfco.org.
- 02. The Merck Index. The "2013 Merck Index," 15th Edition as published by Merck Research Laboratories Division of Merck & Co., Incorporated. The Merck Index is a copyrighted publication and not available in an electronic format. A copy may be purchased online from Merck & Co., Inc. (now hosted by the Royal Society of Chemistry) at http://www.rsc.org/merckindex.
- <u>0203.</u> The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists (AOAC) International. The "2019 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the AOAC," 21st Edition, a copyrighted publication, is maintained and published by the AOAC International. The AOAC OMA is available in electronic format at: www.EOMA.AOAC.org. A copy may be purchased online from AOAC International.

505. -- 509. (RESERVED)

510. DEFINITIONS.

In addition to the definitions found in Section 22 2203, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply in the interpretation and enforcement of this Subchapter E only:

01. Animal Manure. The excreta of animals together with whatever bedding material is present.

	02.	 Dried Animal Manure. Animal manure resulting from confined animal feeding opera 	ations
manip	ılated on	aly to reduce the moisture content. (
511.	-ABBI	REVIATIONS.	
	-01.	AAPFCO. Association of American Plant Food Control Officials. ()
	-02.	AOAC. Association of Official Analytical Chemists, International. (
	03.	ISDA. Idaho State Department of Agriculture. ()
512	519.	(RESERVED)	
520.	SOIL	AMENDMENT AND PLANT AMENDMENT REGISTRATION.	
	eparately Idaho Co	y identifiable soil amendment or plant amendment product shall be registered pursuant to Section (on 22
produc	ed in cus et registra	Product Registration. All soil amendment and plant amendment companies, including computer formula mixing of dry or liquid soil amendments or plant amendments, will comply with ation requirements of the Idaho Soil and Plant Amendment Act, Section 22 2205, Idaho Code, so of this chapter.	th the
	02.	Exemptions from Registration. ()
	a.	Dried animal manure without nutrient claims and not commercially packaged or labeled. ()
	b.	Horticultural growing media containing live plant material. ()
	red is mi	Alteration from Original State. When a soil amendment or plant amendment that has ixed, added to, or in any way changed from its original content, it is a different product, and moved under Section 22 2205, Idaho Code.	
offered	ment is I for sale ance wit ed under	Sale of Soil Amendment or Plant Amendment. When a commercial soil amendment or removed from the package or container in which it was placed by the original registrant and e by a person other than the original registrant, it is a different product and shall be registed the Section 22 2205, Idaho Code, except that it is not subject to an additional inspection of Section 22 2208, Idaho Code, provided that said fee was paid on the product by the original or (l then red in lee as
521	529.	(RESERVED)	
530.	SOIL	AMENDMENT AND PLANT AMENDMENT LABELS.	
	01.	Content or Guaranteed Analysis Exemptions. ()
percen	tage is r	The labeling requirements of the Idaho Soil and Plant Amendments Act, Section 22 2207(equiring that soil and plant amending ingredients and other ingredients shall be stated in terrequired except the following single ingredient soil amendments, when clearly and conspicue on the label, are exempt from the content or guaranteed analysis:	ms of
	i.	Mulch; ()
	ii.	Peat; ()
-	iii	Perlite: (

iv	. Vermiculite; and	-()
v.	Vermicompost.	()
b	In lieu of a content or guaranteed analysis as required in Section 22-2207(1)(c), Idaho Co	odo the
label of the	e following soil amendments when clearly and conspicuously identified as such on the label may	
	ont statement:	()
i	Compost;	(,
1.	Compost,	,
ii.	Garden Soil;	()
iii	. Landscape Soil;	()
——iv	. Mulch:	()
		,
V.	Planting Mix; and	()
vi	. Potting Mix.	()
	In lieu of a content or guaranteed analysis as required in Section 22 2207(1)(c), Idaho	Code
product the	at claims the presence of a microbe(s), other than naturally occurring microbes, shall guarar	
microbe(s)	as follows:	()
i.	Minimum number of each claimed viable organism at the genus and species level in	-colons
forming un	its (CFU), spores or propagules per gram or milliliter (cm3);	()
ii.	Expiration date; and	(
:::		
	. Storage & handling instructions.	(,
02	2. Nutrient Claims and the Use of the Term "Fertilizer."	()
a.	The term "fertilizer" and like terms shall not be used in labeling or literature to describ	e a soi
amendmen	t or plant amendment.	()
b.	Nutrient claims do not change the primary intended use of a soil or plant amendment produ	ı ct. Any
	aim shall be provided on the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and stated as a percentage of the labeling and literature as an estimated range and literature as a literature	
Nutrient cl	aims and estimates must be supported by lab analysis or documentation acceptable by the ISDA.	(,
——е.	Labeling or literature that makes nutrient claims or estimates is required to contain the fo	
	"This product is recognized for its soil amendment characteristics. It is recognized that it has a particular telegraphy with a property and not expend and "	nutrien
varue. Amy	nutrient claims, verbal or written, are estimates and not guaranteed."	,
d.	At the discretion of the registrant, labeling or literature that does not make nutrient cl	
	nay contain the following statement: "This product is recognized for its soil amendment character	
	ed that it has nutrient value. Any nutrient claims, verbal or written, are estimates and not guarantee	.(
•	A guaranteed analysis of plant nutrients will be permitted on notting sails landscare and	Lanuda
soils, and r	A guaranteed analysis of plant nutrients will be permitted on potting soils, landscape and elated amendment products containing only levels of fertilizer sufficient to initiate growth.	garuer (
03	3. Microbiological Product. If the soil amendment or plant amendment is a microbiological	produc
intended as	s an inoculum, the product label shall include an expiration date and state the number and kind o	f viable
organisms	per milliliter or, if the product is other than liquid, state the number and kind of viable organi	sms pe i
gram. How	vever, if the soil amendment or plant amendment is derived from a microbiological process or cul	ture but

is not intended as an inoculum, then the product label shall state that the product is not a viable culture.	
04. Ninety-Five Percent Rule. When a soil amendment or plant amendment is labeled	as a specific
material, such as peat moss or leaf mold, the product shall consist of not less than ninety five percent (
specific material.	()
05. Other Ingredients. When the name of an ingredient(s) appears on the label of a soil	l amendment
or plant amendment and is not one of the ingredients required to be listed, the percentage of that ingredients	
appear prominently in print of the same size and color.	()
appear prominently in print of the same size and color.	()
06. Warning or Caution Statements. The ISDA may require a registrant to include a	a warning or
caution statement to ensure safety to handlers, crops, and the environment.	\longrightarrow
O7. Precautionary Statements. ISDA may require precautionary statements when need and effective use of the soil amendment or plant amendment.	eded for safe
531 539. (RESERVED)	
540. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS.	
The methods of sampling and analysis shall be those of AAPFCO, AOAC, or other methods as approximately approximately and analysis shall be those of AAPFCO, AOAC, or other methods as approximately and analysis shall be those of AAPFCO, AOAC, or other methods as approximately approximately approximately approximately and analysis shall be those of AAPFCO, AOAC, or other methods as approximately approximatel	roved by the
ISDA.	()
505541 999. (RESERVED)	

To: Commercial Fertilizer and Soil & Plant Amendment Registrants and Stakeholders

From: Lloyd B. Knight, Administrator

Date:

Subject: Proposed Legislative and Rulemaking Changes

Proposed Legislation

The Idaho State Department of Agriculture (ISDA) proposes a bill related to Red Tape Reduction within Title 22. The bill has two components:

- Simplifying the fee structure of the fertilizer program by repealing tonnage fees
- Simplifying the fee structure of soil and plant amendment program by repealing tonnage fees

This bill would create a more streamlined framework for fertilizer and soil and plant amendment registration. Currently, customers pay a registration fee and then separate fees for tonnage. This process is cumbersome for customers and takes considerable time for ISDA staff to review. This bill would eliminate the process of paying by tonnage. This type of structure was successfully implemented in the ISDA feed program several years ago.

ISDA analyzed program revenues based on the current tonnage and registration fee system. The Department assessed program expenses and determined that average costs paid per registered product could be lowered.

In a typical year, the average fertilizer registration cost is \$77 per product, and the average soil and plant amendment registration cost is \$114 (registration plus tonnage fees). ISDA's proposal would set flat rates for both programs (\$75 per fertilizer product and \$90 per soil and plant amendment product). There are approximately 7,200 fertilizers registered and approximately 1,700 soil and plant amendment products registered in Idaho. This bill would decrease costs for industry by \$55,344 in the first year.

The total expected savings to industry is \$186,000 over the next five years, which means there will be a commensurate decrease in ISDA dedicated funding. ISDA revenue will see a decrease in the first year and then smaller decreases in subsequent years as additional new products are registered in the program. These programs have adequate fund balances, and ISDA could implement the changes while maintaining services. This proposal will decrease overall, average costs for customers and will result in significant savings to staff time due to a simplified process. If passed, ISDA would be able to shift staff away from paperwork review towards field work and technical assistance.

You can keep up to date on all legislation by visiting https://legislature.idaho.gov/.

Zero-Based Rulemaking

In addition, the Rules Governing Registrations and Licenses is up for review in compliance with Governor Little's Executive Order on Zero Based Rulemaking. The rulemaking schedule for 2022 including the Rules Governing Registration and Licenses, which includes subchapters related to Commercial Fertilizer and Soil & Plant Amendments.

There are no specific rulemaking changes planned by the ISDA at this time except for evaluation and amendment consistent with the Governor's Executive Order. We encourage stakeholders to participate and offer thoughts on the rules during this process.

- The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules was published in the <u>January 5, 2022</u>
 <u>Administrative Bulletin (Page 11-13)</u>. This includes details on the rulemaking schedule.
- You can keep up to date on the rulemaking process, including meeting details, working drafts, and meeting minutes by visiting the ISDA website under the Current Rulemaking tab. The website will be updated as the March meeting dates are closer.
- You can review the current rule here.

Please contact....

02.06.02 Rules Governing Registrations and Licenses Minutes of April 7, 2022, 9:00 a.m.

Meeting held via Webex Conference

Hosts/Facilitators: Lloyd Knight – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Chanel Tewalt – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Andrea Thompson – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Stakeholders Present: Margaret Jensen – Far West Agribusiness Association

Nathan Walker, unannounced affiliation
Jesse DeLong – Valley Wide Co-op, Preston ID

Ann Bates – Idaho Nursery and Landscape Association

Mike Anderson – City of Coeur d' Alene, ID Kyle Bair – Amalgamated Sugar, Nampa ID Gary Lowe – Amalgamated Sugar, Nampa, ID Ben Martin – City of Coeur d' Alene, ID

Jerre Fender – Key Ag Distributors, Murtaugh ID

Becky Larson – Redox Ag, Burley ID

Marvin Miller – Integrated Biological Systems Inc., Nampa ID

Department Staff: Jason Kittridge – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Nathan Price – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Kristen Hamilton – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Kay Haver – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Dallas Burkholder – Deputy Attorney General Katy DeVries – Deputy Attorney General

Lloyd Knight opened the meeting at 9:00 a.m. and outlined the rulemaking process and meeting expectations.

Andrea Thompson reviewed:

- Subchapter A Commercial Feed. Purpose to make it congruent with the new additions of reference manuals. Removing what is already outlined in code. Consolidating and removing duplications.
 Guidelines for Human Grade to clarify how documentation will be handled. Removing duplications already found in statute. Removing cottonseed due to non-use.
- Subchapter B Nurseries and Florists. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute.
- Subchapter C Bee Inspection. Cleaning up text. Removing language unnecessary that is addressed in code or rule.
- Subchapter D Fertilizer. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute or AAPFCO Official Publication. Language retained is unique to this rule and not addressed elsewhere.
 - Gary Lowe asked of the difference between the official publication and statute? Mr. Knight answered statute assumes priority but more detailed information from the official publication.
- Subchapter E Soil and Plant Amendments. Removing duplication in statute or outline in publication

No other comments were offered by stakeholders.

Mr. Knight advised comments being accepted through April 29, 2022. Meeting adjourned at 9:28 a.m.

02.06.02 Rules Governing Registrations and Licenses Minutes of March 17, 2022, 9:00am Meeting held via Webex Conference

Attendees:

Hosts/Facilitators: Lloyd Knight – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Chanel Tewalt – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Andrea Thompson – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Stakeholders Present: Margaret Jensen – Far West Agribusiness Association

Jesse DeLong – Valley Wide Co-op David Jensen – Valley Agronomics Don Barowsky – Wilbur Ellis, Eagle ID

Jim Grauberger – Bingham Ag. Services, Blackfoot ID Patxi Larrocea-Phillips – Association Management Group

Brian Peterson – Stable Soil Matrix, Melba ID Ann Bates – Idaho Nursery Advisory Committee

Juliet Marshall – University of Idaho Samara Arthur – University of Idaho

Gary Lowe – Amalgamated Sugar, Nampa ID

Cody, unannounced affiliation

Department Staff: Tina Eiman – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Jason Kittridge – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Nathan Price – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Kristen Hamilton – Idaho State Department of Agriculture Brenda Thomasson – Idaho State Department of Agriculture

Dallas Burkholder – Deputy Attorney General

Lloyd Knight opened the meeting at 9:00am and outlined the rulemaking process and meeting expectations. This is the first of two meetings with the second to be held April 7, 2022.

Andrea Thompson reviewed:

- Subchapter A Commercial Feed. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute or AAFCO Official Publication (OP). Language retained is unique to this rule and/or not addressed in the OP. New language proposed for Human Grade Claims to clarify how documentation will be handled.
- Subchapter B Nurseries and Florists. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute or otherwise unnecessary.
- Subchapter C Bee Inspection. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute or otherwise unnecessary.

- Subchapter D Fertilizer. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute or AAPFCO Official Publication (OP). Language retained is unique to this rule and/or not addressed in the OP.
- Subchapter E Soil and Plant Amendments. Language proposed for deletion is already provided in statute or AAPFCO Official Publication (OP).

No other comments were offered by stakeholders.

Mr. Knight announced the next meeting will be held April 7, 2022, at 9:00 a.m. Meeting adjourned at 9:35 a.m.