02.01.08 – Rules Governing Grizzly Bear and Wolf Depredation

000. Legal Authority.

Section 36-1121, Idaho Code. (11-12-24)T

001. Scope.

This chapter governs compensation to livestock owners that have experienced depredation of livestock by grizzly bear and/or wolves. (11-12-24)T

002. – 009. (Reserved)

010. Definitions.

The following are defined as: (11-12-24)T

01. Depredation. The damage or destruction of property, including livestock, by a wolf or grizzly bear.

(11-12-24)T

02. Producer. Any person who owns livestock for purposes of herding, breeding, raising, or selling. (11-12-24)T

03. Confirmed, A finding that depredation was definitively as determined by a state authorized investigator through a physical field examination. (11-12-24)T

04. Probable. A finding that depredation of the livestock was likely by a grizzly bear or wolf by a state authorized investigator through a physical field examination. (11-12-24)T

05. Possible.

06. Negative/Unknown Finding. A finding on the physical field examination that the depredation was definitively or most likely not due to a grizzly bear or wolf attack or is unknown/inconclusive.

(11-12-24)T

07. State Authorized Investigator. USDA Wildlife Services or other state, federal, or county agency, that has been approved by the Agencies to perform physical field examinations. The Idaho Depredating Wildlife Appeals Board is considered a State Authorized Investigator (11-12-24)T

08. Physical Field Examination. An on-site examination performed by a state authorized investigator to examine the incident, and a cause will be determined based on evidence collected at the scene. (11-12-24)T

09. The Agencies. The Idaho State Department of Agriculture, Department of Fish and Game, and Office of Species Conservation, collectively. (11-12-24)T

011. -- 100. (Reserved)

101. Compensation Matrix for Depredated Livestock.

01. Compensation Valuation. The program employs the following protocols for determining compensation valuation of livestock. (11-12-24)T

a. Prices paid will be based on the market rate for the grazing season/calendar year in which the losses occurred. This market rate is based on the type of livestock that was depredated. Reports that may be used are: a comprehensive nationwide average through Cattlefax (w[ww.cattlefax.com](http://www.cattlefax.com)), USDA reports, American Sheep Industry market reports, a compilation of USDA private market data and local prices. The rates are listed for adult cows, bulls, calves, ewes, rams, lambs, equine, goats, llamas, swine, poultry, and bees. (11-12-24)T

b. Compensation will be paid based upon site specific information regarding actual losses (kills or injuries) submitted by the applicant with the Species Depredation Investigation Report being the foundation of the claim. Actions by the Idaho Depredating Wildlife Appeals Board will be considered final Investigation Report for the purposes of this chapter, per 22-5501, Idaho Code. (11-12-24)T

c. Injured Livestock Compensation: Producers may be compensated for the value of injured livestock in any of the following methods: (11-12-24)T

i. The compensation program may pay for the value of an injured animal that cannot be marketed due to injuries sustained in an eligible attack.

ii. The compensation program may pay for injured livestock that are sold at a reduced price due to an eligible attack. The reimbursement will be the difference of the sale price from the fair market value. (11-12-24)T

iii. For those animals not otherwise compensated, the compensation program may pay the cost of veterinary care up to seventy percent (70%) of the market rate as determined above for confirmed injured livestock. Invoices for care from a licensed veterinarian must be submitted with the application. Documentation supporting the requested compensation for veterinary care must be submitted in order to qualify for compensation. (11-12-24)T

iv. If an animal is confirmed as injured due to a grizzly bear or wolf and then must be euthanized due to its injuries, an investigator will need to complete an updated Species Depredation Investigation Report to document the change in status. The compensation program will compensate for the value of the animal upon confirmation. (11-12-24)T

d. Confirmed claims for depredation shall be paid on a pro rata basis in the event moneys in the fund are insufficient to pay all validated claims in full., until such time as moneys in the fund are depleted. (11-12-24)T

e. Any moneys in the fund after payment of Confirmed claims shall then be paid to those producers with Possible or Probable claims of depredation by grizzly bear or wolf attack. Claims shall be paid on a pro rata basis in the event moneys in the fund are insufficient to pay all Possible or Probable claims in full, until such moneys in the fund are depleted. Negative/Unknown findings will not be paid through this program. (11-12-24)T

f. Compensation will not be automatic and the determination of the compensation by the Agencies will be final. (11-12-24)T

02. Claims. All claims must be submitted to the Office of Species Conservation no later than December 31 for claims during that calendar year. The Office of Species Conservation will submit all eligible claims for payment to the Idaho State Department of Agriculture no later than the end of January following the year of the claim. The Idaho State Department of Agriculture will issue eligible compensation payments no later than the end of February following the year of the claims. Full or pro-rated payments will be dependent on available funding.

(11-12-24)T

102. -- 109. (Reserved)

110. Physical Field Examinations.

Physical field examinations will be conducted by a state authorized investigator. A field examination process will be performed by the investigator to determine a finding for reported suspected depredation incidents. A list of state authorized investigators and field examination protocols can be viewed on the Office of Species Conservation website at [www.species.idaho.gov](https://species.idaho.gov/). (11-12-24)T

111. -- 149. (Reserved)

150. Conflict Prevention Program.

The program employs a program for funding projects that assists to prevent depredation from. Protocols for determining approvals and funding can be found on the Office of Species Conservation website at [www.species.idaho.gov.](https://species.idaho.gov/) (11-12-24)T

151. -- 999. (Reserved)